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AMERICA MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT OF NEW CHINA POLICY

Washington Explains Why It Is Giving Big Loan To Peking

TELLS CONDITIONS

All Agreements Must Be Submitted To Government For Approval

ALLIES INVITED

Britain, France And Japan Welcomed To Join American Bankers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 29.—The following statement has been issued by the Acting Secretary of State:

"China declared war against Germany very largely because of the action of the United States. Therefore this Government felt a special interest in the desire of China to equip herself to be of more specific assistance in the war against the Central Powers.

"Until the present time the engagements of the United States in preparing to exert effectively her strength in the European war have operated to prevent specific constructive steps to help China realise her desires. Recently, however, this Government felt that because of the approach to Chinese territory of scenes of disorder, a special effort should be made to place proper means at the disposal of the Chinese. Consequently, a number of American bankers who have been interested in the past in making loans in China and who have had experience in the Orient were called to Washington and asked to become interested in the matter. The bankers responded promptly, and an agreement has been reached between them and the Department of State which has the following salient features:

Banks To Be Representative

"First, the formation of a group of American bankers to make a loan or loans, and to consist of representatives from different parts of the country.

"Second, an assurance on the part of the bankers that they will cooperate with the Government and follow the policies outlined by the Department of State.

"Third, the submission of the names of the banks who will compose the group, for the approval of the Department of State.

"Fourth, the submission of the terms and conditions of any loan or loans for the approval of the Department of State.

"Fifth, assurances that if the terms and conditions of a loan are accepted by this Government and by the Government to which the loan is made, in order to encourage and facilitate the free intercourse between American citizens and foreign States which is mutually advantageous, the Government will be willing to aid in every possible way and to make prompt and vigorous representations and to take every possible step to insure the execution of equitable contracts made in good faith by its citizens in a foreign land.

Allied Bankers Invited

"It is hoped that the American group will be associated with the bankers of Great Britain, Japan and France. Negotiations are in progress between the United States Government and those Governments which, it is hoped, will result in their cooperation and in the participation by the bankers of those countries in equal parts of any loan which may be made.

"Beside the war-time conditions which confront China on her Northern and Western orders, there is a further incentive to co-operate with all these Governments because the war has created a community of interest between them and their citizens and those other Governments, and has broken down barriers which once have existed and has made easier intercourse between them. It is hoped that if the project succeeds it will serve as an agency through which this community of interest and consequent expansion of our mutual interests abroad may be adequately and properly expressed."

Agreement With Czechs Reached By Gen. Horvath

Head Of Harbin Government Says He Receives Promises Of Support From All Sources

Reuter's Pacific Service

Harbin, July 29.—Reliable information states that General Semenoff's troops, after crossing the Chinese frontier in full order, are now camping a few versts east of Manchuria Station and after two weeks' ceaseless fighting are enjoying a well deserved rest.

It is reported that General Pleshkoff left Grodecovo for Vladivostok, and has assumed command of all troops in the Maritime Provinces. It is understood that General Horvath has decided to appoint General Pleshkoff the Commandant of Vladivostok, following the urgent request of many deputations from different parties in that city.

Gets Promises of Support

Interviewed by Reuter's representative, General Horvath said that every day he receives congratulations, best wishes and promises of support from all sides. For instance, the Amur and Harbin District Committees, representatives of the Tomsk and Ussurisk Republican Party, representatives of the Amur Labor, Cossacks, Zemstvo and Municipal Councils, the Buriat National Committee of the Trans-Baikal District, and many other representatives of different political parties all express the belief that General Horvath is the only man at the present difficult and important political moment who is able to unite all parties, restore order in Russia and renew hostilities against Russia.

General Horvath declared that he was sure that all patriots would assist him to carry the heavy burden and take up the responsibility, and that despite the endeavors of the worst element to provoke a social counter-revolution he was of the opinion that truth would prevail and that all classes of the population, witnessing the righteousness of his aims, will support him.

General Horvath has arrived at an agreement with the Czecho-Slovaks with whom his troops are already co-operating.

Vladivostok, July 29.—In the Municipal elections the Bolsheviki polled 54 votes out of 101. The majority gives them the right to nominate the mayor.

Turkestan Government Formed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 26.—The National Congress of Turkestan has proclaimed the Government of Turkestan and also the Trans-Caspian, Khiva and Bokhara Republic, allies to Russia. The executive comprises eleven Mohammedans. A Republican Commissary is attached to the Emir of Bokhara and his adviser.

American Officer Captures Four Germans

LIEUTENANT REDWOOD AND HIS FOUR HUNS. ©Int.

An American officer, Lieutenant Redwood (at extreme left), photographed with a quartette of Huns whom he captured single-handed during a raid. Redwood became separated from his comrades during the raid and came upon the four Germans, captured them and marched them back to the American lines. He has been awarded the French Croix de Guerre for his exploit. The photograph was taken immediately after Lieutenant Redwood's return from the raid, his face being still blackened.

U.S. INSURES 3,000,000 SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

Policies Written By Government Greater Than All Private Companies Combined

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announces that 2,954,609 soldiers and sailors in the United States have applied for Government insurance to a total amount of G.$25,148,118,000. In the last four days insurance totaling more than G.$1,000,000,000 has been written. The total for July will be close to G.$4,000,000,000. The Government Bureau for War Risk Insurance now has more insurance in force by G.$3,000,000,000 than the ordinary Life Insurance books of all the legal insurance companies of the U.S. combined.

144 YOUNG CHINESE GOING TO U.S. TO STUDY

Some Will Leave This Week But Most On The Nanking August 10

A record number of Chinese students, one hundred and forty-four strong, will leave for the United States on the China Mail steamer Nanking, which is scheduled to sail August 10. Several scholars who are also being sent to the United States to study by the Honan provincial authorities are leaving on the Canadian Pacific steamer Monteagle August 3. Most of the students have arrived in Shanghai and are quartered at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. and the World Chinese Students' Federation.

A reception will be given in their honor by the American University Club, the American Returned Students' Club, the Kiangsu Educational Association, the Chinese Y. M. C. A. the World Chinese Students' Federation and the Society for Constructive Endeavor at the residence of Mr. Julean Arnold, the American Commercial Attache, at 405 Avenue Joffre August 7 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Arnold, American Consul-in-charge M. F. Perkins and Mr. N. C. Yang, in charge of the Tsing Hua College students, will be the principal speakers. A program of musical entertainment will also be given.

Of the students who are leaving Shanghai on the Nanking, there are six teachers and five students supported by the Ministry of Education, 67 graduates of the Tsing Hua College, sent under the Boxer Indemnity Scholarship, seven students selected from the various colleges in China, nine girl students selected by competitive examinations, 30 provincial government students from Honan and 20 students going at their own expense.

MUNITIONS STRIKERS ALL BACK AT WORK

British Labor Difficulty Due To Ministry's Order On Increasing Supply

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 29.—The strike of munition workers has ended. The trouble was due to the Ministry of Munitions forbidding a few firms to engage more skilled workers with a view to enabling other firms which were understaffed to secure additional skilled labor.

London, July 28.—Press Bureau.—The Ministry of Munitions tonight announced that communications received today from all parts of the country indicate that the situation has distinctly improved and that the majority of the strikers in all probability will return to work on the 29th.

TUCHUNS TO SUPPORT HSU FOR PRESIDENT

Hsu Shih-chang And Tuan Chi-jui Favored To Head Government, Is Report

To elect former Premier Hsu Shih-chng the next President and General Tuan Chi-jui the Vice-President was the decision arrived at a military conference held Monday night at Tientsin by Generals Tsao Kun, Chang Huai-chi, Hsu Shucheng, Lung Chi-kwang and Tien Chung-yu, according to a Tientsin telegram last night. The conference also discussed on plans for the military campaign against the South, but nothing decisive was arrived at.

Phosphate Rock Used To Help Agriculture

Two And A Half Million Tons Produced In United States Last Year

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—Mr. Houston, the Secretary for Agriculture, announces that practically all the phosphate rock being produced in the United States, with the exception of a small amount used in manufactures of phosphorus, is being used for agricultural purposes. The United States has the greatest resources of phosphate rock of any nation in the world and the production in 1917 was 2,610,743 tons and the exports 34,000 tons.

The Weather

Showers likely today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 90.7 and the minimum 78, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 92.3 and 76.1.

RESTRICTION REMOVED ON WHEAT CONSUMPTION

Voluntary Economy Pledges By Americans Have Saved Huge Quantity Of Food

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—The U.S. Food Administration has released hotels, restaurants, clubs and the dining-car services throughout the United States on August 1 from their voluntary pledge to use no more wheat. It congratulates these eating places upon their patriotic services and expresses confidence that the spirit shown will enable the American people to build up a great food reserve against the future. It estimates that the voluntary pledges by these sources between October 1, 1917, and August 1, 1918, effected a saving of between 187 billion and 200 million (? billion) lbs. of wheat and other products, 160 million lbs. of meat and 50 million lbs. of sugar.

EIGHT STEEL VESSELS DELIVERED IN WEEK

Total Of 35,890 Deadweight Tons Completed By American Shipyards

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—The Shipping Board announces that eight steel ships totaling 35,890 deadweight tons, were delivered by the American shipyards last week. Launchings included ten steel vessels totaling 54,255 tons and five wooden ships totaling 19,200 tons.

KIANGSU REJOICING OVER BUMPER CROPS

Biggest Wheat Yield In Years Obtained In Neighborhood Of Taichow

China Press Correspondence

Taichow, Kiangsu, July 29.—The wheat crop in this section has been gathered and every one is rejoicing over one of the finest yields this part of the country has seen in several years. Taichow and surrounding country is most favorable for farming, there being no land subject to overflow and there being plenty of water roads which never are dry and always furnish water for the crops. However, this year the season was so favorable that an unusual crop was harvested even for this locality.

Magistrate Hsuen, who has been in office here for several months has been succeeded by Mr. Hu who was magistrate several years ago. Mr. Hsuen's time with us was short, the reason being, according to some reports, his desire to fatten his own purse. People said he came to us in very poor circumstances and left us fairly well off as to this world's goods. His reputation for knowing the law was admitted by many.

Many Chinese in our neighborhood seem very much impressed with the might and power of Germany and, in fact, give the impression of being pretty much afraid of Germany which rather suggests to some that there must be German propaganda here.

Poles Of America Take 200 Germans

Detachment Which Defeated Enemy East Of Rheims Was Recruited In U. S.

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—The Polish Press Bureau announces that the Polish detachment mentioned in despatches from London on July 25 as having taken part in a successful engagement east of Rheims in which it captured more than 200 prisoners, has been identified as a portion of the Polish forces recruited in the United States.

Peking Sends Official To Investigate Riots

Waichiaopu Secretary Ordered To Get Facts On Hongkew Disturbance

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has delegated a senior secretary of the department, Mr. Shen, to proceed to Shanghai to investigate into the circumstances attending the Hongkew riot between the Chinese and Japanese recently, according to telegraphic instructions received here last night.

Denmark Recognises Iceland's Sovereignty

Acknowledgment Of Its Independence Under Common King Made By Copenhagen

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, July 29.—Denmark has acknowledged Iceland as a sovereign State under a common king.

Naturalist Here On Way To Mongolia

Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews Passes Through En Route To Peking

Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews, naturalist and hunter who has made several expeditions for the National Museum of Natural History of New York, left Shanghai yesterday for Peking where he will arrange a trip into Mongolia and possibly, later, to Tibet.

The naturalist expects to make a comprehensive study of wild life in Mongolia, but the present trip will be more in the nature of a preliminary survey. Mrs. Andrews accompanies her husband on his expeditions and makes photographs which are used in his work. Mr. Andrews passed through Shanghai at the completion of one of his trips about five months ago.

SIR JOSEPH JONAS FINED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 29.—The Jonas case was brought to an end today with a verdict of misdemeanor. Sir Joseph Jonas was fined £2,000 and the second defendant, Vernon, £1,000. The defendants were ordered to pay costs jointly.

ECONOMIC COUNCIL FORMED IN GERMANY

Object Is To Create Closer Trade Relations Between Central Powers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, July 28.—The Cologne Gazette reports that a German Economic Council has been inaugurated. Representatives of the Ministry of the Interior, Foreign Affairs, Finance, Railways and War and of the War Board and Food Board, Press Bureau and other departments attended.

The President of the National Bank, Herr Schacst, who presided, dwelt on the world-wide economic importance of Great Britain's adoption of imperial preference.

The Under-Secretary for Finance, Herr Schiffer, said that the Council would endeavor to establish close economic relations between the Central Powers.

Doctor Walter Schotte, who is the President of the New Council, declared that the problem which must be solved was the economic linking up of Central Europe, with the rest of the world, concerning which a tariff union with Austria-Hungary became important for the whole world. The next task would be the economic cultivation of the Near East and Far East against the competition of Great Britain and America. The Council would also enforce an economic peace in Europe and re-establish the supplies of raw materials from overseas.

The preliminary committee comprises the leading business experts of Germany.

Joss House Damaged By Bomb Explosion

Missile Planted In Avenue Edward VII Causes Excitement And Fire Call

A bomb explosion on Avenue Edward VII yesterday afternoon created panic among pedestrians and brought the fire brigade out in answer to an excited call.

The bomb exploded in the rear room of a lodging and josshouse at 86-90 Avenue Edward VII, on the second floor of the building, ripping up the flooring and tearing away a partition. From investigation it appears that the missile was not thrown but had been placed in the house by some one. It was a cylindrical cast iron affair about eight inches long.

The premises, which are tenanted by one Sing Da-waung, are used part of the time as a josshouse and have been frequently searched by the police for arms, opium and suspicious charcters. The explosion occurred at about 5:20 p.m.

292 Killed In German Factory Explosion

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Zurich, July 29.—292 persons have been killed through an explosion at the munition works at Plauen, in Saxony.

GERMANS GIVE UP OURCQ [illegible]ER LINE; STILL IN RETREAT

Expected To Withdraw Further to Prepared Positions Behind The Vesle

TO SHORTEN LINE

Allied Advance Is Over Seven Miles On 20-Mile Front

TAKE ROAD CENTER

Fere-en-Tardenois Is Occupied By Pursuing French Forces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 29, 3:55 p.m.—The enemy has definitely abandoned the line of the Ourcq and there is little doubt that he will retreat behind the Vesle, which will give him a pretty straight line between Soissons and Rheims. This very good line is probably well entrenched, has good communications to the rear and also three lines of railway behind the front.

The villages between Soissons and Bazoches are in flames, apparently indicating that the Germans are about to retreat farther.

The German withdrawal from this salient is a real victory for the Allies but in no way a rout of the enemy. Up to the present only a hundred and four guns have been captured in our fresh advance.

The net result of the German retreat up to the present has been an advance by the Allies of seven to eight miles on a front of twenty miles and the capture of a score of villages and several important forests.

The most valuable result, from a strategical point of view, is the restoration to the Allies of the great Paris-Chateau-Thierry-Chalons Railway, by means of which the Champagne front is best revictualed and which will be a very important factor in future developments.

Action May Become Stabilised

Action may now slow down and even become stabilised for a time between Soissons and Rheims, where the Germans are apparently concentrating in great force, but the fact remains that the enemy has been badly beaten. He not merely does not hold a single inch of the ground he gained in his offensive of July 15 but within a fortnight he has been forced to abandon nearly half the advantages gained by his offensive of May 2.

The question now is whether the enemy will settle down to a resistance on the plateau south of the Vesle or continue his retirement to the heights between the Vesle and the Aisne. The answer will depend on the extent of his losses, and the number of his reserves and the indications hitherto are that his losses have not been excessive. It is regarded as at least certain that his salient will be flattened to a straight line extending from Soissons to Rheims, which alone would shorten the Allied line by thirty miles and lessen the demands on the Allied reserves.

The French papers are discussing the causes of the German retreat. Some attribute it to the fall of Oulchy-le-Chateau while others state that is was the brilliant British attack at Marfaux-Chaumouzy that was responsible because it increased the threat against Fismes, which was the key of the whole salient.

Fere-en-Tardenois Taken

Paris, July 29.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

North of the Marne there was no change during the night. We took four hundred prisoners here yesterday.

The official communique issued last evening reported:

North of the Marne we continued to advance in the region of the Ourcq, notwithstanding the resistance of the enemy, who attempted to prevent our passage of the river. We succeeded in throwing back the German advanced elements to the right

bank and we have entered Fere-en-Tardenois.

Northeast of the Foret de Ris we reached Champvoisy.

On the right our troops captured Anthenay, Alizy and Violaine and brought our line appreciably nearer the Rheims-Dormans Road.

In Champagne two attempts made by the enemy, which were preceded by a bombardment, in the region south of the hills were repulsed.

The official communique issued this afternoon reported:

Northwards of the Marne we continued to progress during the night time, when our elements reached the right bank and approached the road southwards of the Ourcq, while our right approached the Dormans-Rheims Road.

We repulsed several attacks against our new positions southward of Mont Sans Hom, and also northeastward of St. Hilaire.

Tanks Play Big Part

Since the 18th our tanks have gloriously participated in the battle. They drove in the enemy lines, facilitated the forward rush of our infantry while they constantly accompanied or preceded the advance of the Allied troops, and attacked centers of resistance and enemy batteries. Each section of the tanks has accounted for fifteen to twenty machine-guns and inflicted very heavy losses. Some of the tanks returned to the battle line four or five times in the same day.

Line Of Ourcq Reached

London, July 28.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring at 2.30 this afternoon, reported:

This morning we reached the line of the Ourcq along its whole course. Yesterday morning its headwaters were deep in the German lines.

The enemy is making an obstinate stand on the flanks, chiefly on the left of our advance, where he is endeavoring to hold the north bank of the Ourcq against our pressure from the south, while his flank is menaced by General Mangin's army along the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry Road north of the Ourcq.

Under the triple pressure from west, south and east the Germans are withdrawing the center of their line, which faces south, as quickly as is compatible with safety and are holding desperately to their flanks in order to give their center time to escape. The enemy has concentrated a large number of heavy guns north of the Ourcq in order to hold back the pressure on two sides at the angle of their line.

Practically all the German communications north of the Ourcq are under the fire of General Mangin's guns and unquestionably the situation of the German forces which hold the flank facing west north of the Ourcq is extremely difficult.

Retreat Not A Rout

The news this afternoon from France indicates that the German retreat, which can in no way be described as a rout, will be, however, bigger than was even first anticipated. The French have gained everything for an average distance of four miles on a front of twenty miles between the Ourcq and the Ardre. Fere-en-Tardenois is now a position in the German outpost line. The Allied cavalry patrols are pressing forward at Chambrecq despite the enemy's long-range artillery fire and machine-gun fire. The enemy made a strong counter-attack without achieving any success against Mont Sans Nom, where the Allies have taken 1,500 prisoners. The American troops assisted by French tanks are doing well in the Valley of the Ardre.

Americans Take Towns

The American official communique issued this evening reports:

We continue our pursuit northward of the Marne despite determined rearguard actions fought by the enemy. We have crossed the Ourcq and captured Seringes, Nesles, Sergy and Roncheres.

Reuter's correspondent at American Headquarters, wiring at 9 o'clock this evening, reports:

The Germans offered a desperate resistance at Villeneuve Plateau, which was swept by gunfire after the French had driven off the defenders. Eventually our batteries turned the balance and with the plateau won we had an ideal gun-platform which made the enemy's line along the Ourcq intolerable. The Franco-American forces were then able to advance over the open slopes at a rate which up to that time had been impossible through the woods.

Mounted troops have proved very useful but armored cars and light tanks proved the ideal weapons for clearing out machine-gun nests both on the ground and in trees. The gun-platforms in the trees served the enemy admirably in the forest country. American marksmen made sport bringing them down, as an officer remarked, like capercailzie shooting.

Reuter's correspondent at American Headquarters wired this afternoon:

Thanks to the dense woods along the whole front the enemy has been able to delay the advancing armies and to hold up thousands of men with nests of machine-guns. Hence the enemy's losses have been infinitesimal compared with the time gained and he has saved most of his guns although he was obliged to destroy his ammunition.

The abandonment of the Marne, however, which the enemy held as long as possible in order to keep the important railway between Chateau-Thierry and Epernay under observation, will considerably accentuate our progress. Indeed the pace has already quickened and it is already certain that the enemy won't stand on the line of the Ourcq. Doubtless when we reach his prepared positions we shall find the enemy in great strength. What the Germans have chiefly suffered is an immense set-back to their plans and, possibly, they will be unable to recover before the end of the campaigning season.

Somme Plan of Retreat Is Followed By Germans

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring yesterday evening, says that the enemy is falling back on the chessboard system adopted in his retreat on the Somme front in March 1917. The smooth working of this operation has been greatly hampered by the daring of our infantry and light tanks, and also by our airmen. It is claimed that the light tanks are doing at least as much for the French advance as the German infantry and cannon are doing for the enemy.

The battle northwards of the Ourcq is at present stationary. General Mangin's army is faced by very strong enemy positions which are protected by a powerful flank fire from the north bank of the Aisne. One of the British divisions under General Mangin has been engaged in a local operation by means of which much ground was gained despite a very obstinate resistance.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters reported at 9 o'clock this morning that the German retreat from the Marne continued during the night.

For days before their retreat the Germans had been subjected to a murderous cannonade on three sides and have been unable latterly to use the railways, their only means of supply being a narrow winding hill-road, and where beyond the reach of the Allied gun-fire they have been incessantly bombed by our airmen day and night.

The successful advance made by the British west of Rheims after the capture of Vrigny was the first blow which made the enemy realise the danger to his forces in the south. Then followed the fall of vital points on the west flank of the salient, Ville Montoire and Ouichy-le-Chateau, while the capture of Reuil and the French advance north of Pontra-Binson gave the Allies a new section of the railway and enabled them to maintain an incessant and murderous cannonade of the five mile strip of the Marne between Verneuil and Chatillon, to which the Germans are still desperately clinging.

BRITISH SEIZE TRENCHES

London, July 29.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning:

The Australians in the Morlancourt sector have captured two lines of trenches on a front of two miles astride the Bray-Corbie road, taking a hundred prisoners and a number of machine-guns. The casualties inflicted on the enemy were heavy, ours light.

The Canadians carried out two successful raids in the neighborhood of Gavrelle.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday morning:

We captured a few prisoners and machine-guns in successful raids southeastward of Arras and in the neighborhood of Locre, and in a patrol encounter at Givenchy.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig wires this evening that there is nothing to report.

Aviation.—Low clouds and rain prevented flying during the day time. Bombs were dropped during the night on hostile billets and hutments in the vicinity of Bapaume.

Enemy Losses Greater In Killed Than Prisoners

Paris, July 29.—A semi-official communique reports:

The number of prisoners taken in the German retreat is not very high because the Allies can only advance very cautiously in the variegated country, which is favorable for defense by machine-gun nests while the Germans have left only weak detachments with orders to hold on to the last in order to enable the main body to get away. Thus the losses of the enemy, relatively, are higher in killed than prisoners. On the other hand our booty is large, especially in engineering machinery. The Germans have been able to remove their light artillery but have had to abandon their heavy guns and also most of their ammunition.

AMERICAN LOSSES GO UP

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, July 29.—The total casualties of the Army and Marine Corps increased by 1,050 last week as compared with an increase of 893 in the preceding week.

Hsu Shih-chang Sentiment Grows Stronger In Peking

But There Is Grave Doubt Whether Parliament Will Meet In Time For Election

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, July 27.—The political personages in Peking are evidently getting anxious about the forthcoming meeting of Parliament. The indications are that August 10 is too early to expect the members to arrive in Peking, and every inducement is being offered to them to put their best foot forward. They are to have their railway fares paid and one of the more sumptuous of the hotels outside the Chienmen has been requisitioned for their needs, a fixed and inclusive scale of charges having been agreed upon, and very urgent messages have been sent out to all members urging them not to fail in their attendance on the 10th.

It is not clear who is bearing the expense of all this, whether the "Government" is paying the piper, with the intention afterwards of calling the tune; whether the heads of the political factions are defraying some of the expenses; or whether the Government is paying some and the political factions are paying other parts of the expense involved. Somebody is paying it, and paying it very readily and in high amounts. It can hardly be said that the Government is anxious to see Parliament meet, for the Government is at sixes and sevens, and it is very strongly believed that some of the leading figures in the Government would be glad to see the numbers actually putting in an appearance considerably below what is necessary for a quorum. They would be able to turn round to the other faction in the Government and say, "I told you so!"

Setting aside those who would be glad of the "I told you so" chance, the rest of the Government is anxious both that Parliament should actually meet on the 10th and and that it should vote properly when it does meet on the choice for President. If there is not a quorum when Parliament meets, then the presidential election will be postponed, necessarily, and postponement means a somewhat serious loss of face for the Prime Minister's party, for it is they who have always been keenest on this new parliament and election business. Not only will there be loss of face, but the prevailing opinion is that if there is not a quorum on the day fixed for the opening, it will be impossible to get a quorum together at all, except by co-opting members for the provinces at present not represented, and this would be carrying things with rather too high a hand, for even under the "amended" constitution there is no provision for this sort of thing.

Suppose, however, that there is a quorum, how will the Presidential election go? Nobody knows of course, but there is an increasingly strong opinion that it will go in favor of Hsu Shih-chang, to the exclusion both of General Feng and of General Tuan. There is a strong body of men, really anxious for the country's welfare, which is looking to Hsu Shih-chang to assume the reins of government and to solve all the present perplexing problems. It is believed by these men, who are playing practically no part in political affairs at the present time, that Hsu Shih-chang would be able to reconcile the differences between North and South, largely by eliminating the leading northern personalities, and by concessions to the South that would not perhaps go so far as to accept their whole position but would admit their principles and guarantee that, if they are willing to waive present minutiae of procedure, those principles shall have full practical acceptance in the immediate future. He would, of course, have to choose his prime minister very carefully, and it is prophesied that even if he did choose General Tuan he would only do so for the sake of saving Tuan's face, and would quickly take advantage of an opportunity to get rid of him. It is possible that Tuan might be sidetracked into the vice-presidency, though that is hardly likely. It is the growing probability that Parliament may elect Hsu Shih-chang to the presidency that is making the Tuan party anxious that a quorum should meet on the appointed day, for this faction believes that the longer the delay in holding the election the greater will be Hsu's chance and the fewer will be Tuan's.

It is interesting to note that Hsu himself is lying low and saying nothing. He is not even protesting that he does not want to be president, and that is a bad sign, the Tuanites think.

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—George Washington.

"People are extravagant and wasteful. We are not saving up for the time of need."
—John D. Rockefeller.

"Teach economy. It begins with saving money."
—Abraham Lincoln.

"Save, young man, and become respectable and respected."
—Benjamin Franklin.

"The seed of success is not in you if you can't save money."
—James J. Hill.

"No boy can become great as a man who did not in his youth learn to save money."
—John Wanamaker.

"Thrift separates the temperate, well-behaved, respected and useful from the unsatisfactory members of society."
—Andrew Carnegie.

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U.S. Senate In Lively Debate On Secret Diplomacy Issue

Senators Hitchcock, Borah, Reed And Others Give Their Interpretations Of President Wilson's Remarks

By Ralph Block
(New York Tribune)

Washington, June 13.—The Senate has been having a bit of heavy going over secret diplomacy this week. Senator Borah is dead set against secret diplomacy—doesn't feel it is in tune with the kind of world we intend to make after we've cleaned up the war. The Senate wrestled for several days with Senator Borah on the matter.

It is plain that there are several kinds of what, for want of a better term, is called open diplomacy, which, as a phrase, is hardly up to the elegance and the dignity of the diploming trade.

Imagine, for instance, Emperor Charles of Austria resorting to open diplomacy in the Prince Sixtus affair. The Emperor would be pictured, perhaps, as throwing the Vienna Morning Post into the wastebasket, taking his feet down from his desk, blowing the ashes off his vest, and, after making the papers on his desk look as if he were very busy, he would ring to have the newspaper boys shown in. There would be the usual greetings, a little badinage in the Austrian manner and a denial by the Emperor that he had anything to tell his visitors. Just about the time they were getting ready to file out again the Emperor might be pictured suddenly, as if just recalling, hitting his fist on the desk and remarking:

"I almost forgot, boys. There's that letter I wrote to my cousin, Prince Sixtus."

The Emperor swings his chair up straight to his desk, takes his cigar out of his mouth and rings for Nellie, his private secretary.

"You remember Sixtus," he remarks to the newspaper boys. "Little fellow, black mustache, always smokes clear Havana. Has quite a drag with the French, I understand, since he left here."

Then, as Nellie, a tall blonde, appears from the next room—

"Nellie, bring me that letter I wrote to my cousin yesterday."

Nellie returns with the letter, the Emperor looks it over, after putting on his nose-glasses for the job, worn on a string tied to his vest, then asks Nellie to have a dozen copies turned off on the mimeograph at once.

Nellie goes out, the Emperor chats with the boys about the last meeting of the Vienna Town Council, and pretty soon Nellie comes back with the copies.

"Here you are, boys. Everything open and aboveboard. Darn glad I remembered it. But couldn't keep anything from you fellows, anyway," and he winks slyly, with cigar uptilted at one corner of the mouth. He hands out the copies of the letter to Sixtus and waves his hand benevolently in parting as the boys hurry out to catch the noon edition.

Now, that would be open diplomacy of a kind. It is not, however, the open diplomacy intended by Senator Borah, who had in mind not so much the strategic advance, the scouting party of diplomacy, as the actual and definite negotiation of treaties, which he believed ought to be in the sight of every one.

The debate had been going on fitfully on Monday, but Tuesday there were signs of growing heat. A number of Senators had their say, Senator Lodge notably on Monday, Senators Fall and Reed on Tuesday. Senator Reed gave signs from the start of the Tuesday session of wanting to talk. He made several fairly good starts, indicated his opinion of the matter under discussion by declaring he was "patiently awaiting the day when some Senator will propose to amend the Lord's Prayer or to change the Ten Commandments and to set aside the Apostolic Creed." He ended up in the center aisle of the Senate chamber, red faced, embittered mouth, in a fine burst of power to point out that the United States cannot affords to practise so ideal a principle as open diplomacy until every nation has adopted it, and to start otherwise would be to fare as the Russians fared at Brest-Litovsk.

Senator Borah begins his chief attack somewhere about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and for that hour has an amazingly large and representative audience. There is Senior Lodge, with his head resting often in the palm of artistic hand; Senator Cummins, in Palm Beach, Senator Weeks, Senator Gallinger, Senator Curtis, Senator Lenroot, Senator Underwood, Senator Pomerene, Senator Vardaman, in pure white, and Senator Knox. Senator Hitchcock must not be forgotten, for as head of the Foreign Relations Committee he takes a principal part in the discussion. Indeed, for a period the talk becomes a debate between Senator Borah and Senator Hitchcock on what Mr. Wilson meant by open diplomacy.

The debate provides an interesting contrast between two Western Senators. Borah is a man of youthful energy but of impressive proportions. His face is large and powerful. He wears a heavy head of dark hair, cut so that its bulk remains unimpaired. It is parted in the middle. He is deliberate, has many reserves of power in his face and voice, appears not be be budged from any position he may assume. Behind this vigor is delicacy and subtlety in the temper of his speech, an ability to bind a sheaf of grave and heavy facts with the finest silk of irony. Hitchcock is closer to the Mississippi Valley, not so hewn as Borah, a slender appearing, well modulated man in white flannel trousers and blue coat. He has gray, rather wavy hair, that falls full and almost poetically on one side. His voice is educated, thoughtful, at no moment approaching great vigor. He appears throughout the debate in the position of a man who protests because he scarcely credits what he hears. He seems unwilling to believe that the Senator from Idaho can be advancing any proposition so preposterous. He is grieved, is incredulous, does his best to reason gently with Senator Borah, gives up almost as if with a faint gesture of having confronted an impossible situation on which reason will not work.

Senator Borah begins with apologies for taking time and grows gradually but not slowly into his first climax, in which he declares that the question of secret diplomacy "is advancing to a burning issue among the peoples of Europe, who believe at this hour that they are the victims of secret diplomacy." Senator Hitchcock is manifestly uneasy and interrupts several times to ask for further amplification from Senator Borah, to point out possible inconsistencies in his speech. His doubt and disbelief in the earnestness of the speaker finally produces this:

Hitchcock: Does the Senator claim that the President of the United States supports this proposition for the abolition of executive session in consideration of treaties?

Borah: Of course I am not authorised to speak for the President of the United States.

Senator Borah, by deductive reasoning, makes clear that if there are to be no secret understandings between nations it follows that the entire proceeding of treaty making from beginning to end must be public.

Hitchcock (openly pained). I think it is absolutely preposterous to think that the President of the United States would sit on a hill and in the view of the whole world undertake a negotiation with another government; and it is just as preposterous to suppose that the United States Senate, which has a part in framing a treaty, which has a part in giving its phraseology, and which receives secret commissions from the President, should go into the open.

Mr. Borah quotes the President's language, "open covenants of peace, openly arrived at," and challenges Mr. Hitchcock to interpret it. The interpretation does not help Mr. Borah. The description merely fits the present process of treaty making, according to Senator Hitchcock.

Borah (with the thinnest edge of feeling in his voice): Mr. President, the Senator from Nebraska cannot certainly arrive at that conclusion from the President's language. The Senator must have some subterranean information which does not come to the public by virtue of any language which has been used by the President."

Senator Hitchcock has now moved to a more advantageous position, closer to Mr. Borah, who is near the rear of the Republican side of the chamber. He charges Mr. Borah with saying that the President is attacking the American method of treaty making rather than that of Europe. Mr. Borah returns with pleasant irony that if he understands the English language it is just what he means to say. Pushed back, Mr. Hitchcock declares Mr. Borah is in the absurd position of saying that the President, who initiates treaties, is condemning his own practices. Mr. Borah does not deny this.

The debate progresses in this vein for some time. Mr. Hitchcock continues pained and amazed. Mr. Borah retorts at this amazement that he is after all only "following the great moral leader of the world just now." There are interruptions from other Senators. Senator Gallinger, in a dry humor, asks if Senator Borah has any indication that the President has changed his mind on the matter, and at a negative answer declares it would be "a very unusual circumstance if he had not."

Mr. Hitchcock would like to escape. It is too much for him to believe. He is almost at the door when Senator Borah calls him back to hear further. But Senator Reed jumps into the breach and takes the debate from Senator Hitchcock, who finally goes out unobserved.

* * *

The President himself closed the chapter on secret and open diplomacy by a letter written to Secretary Lansing, made public the next day, Wednesday. In his letter Mr. Wilson disavowed that he had meant open discussion of delicate matters. His point was that the results at least should always be public.

The Senate concurred, voting 50 to 23. Senator Borah did not appear greatly downcast.

Chinese Graduated At West Point

KENG WANG

Among the 137 members of the 1919 class of West Point cadets graduated a year ahead of schedule recently was Keng Wang, a Chinese. Wang graduated twelfth in his class.

Secretary Baker, Blindfolded, Started Drawing Of 800,000

Washington, June 25.—Drawing of order numbers for the 800,000 men, who registered for military service last June 5, will be held Thursday, in the same committee room in the Senate office building in which the first great national lottery was held a little less than a year ago.

Secretary Baker, blindfolded, will draw the first number from the bowl at 9:30 o'clock, and the selection will continue until all the capsules containing the master numbers have been removed.

Last year 10,500 numbers were used, and the drawing continued for seventeen hours.

With a maximum of 1,200 men estimated from the district showing the largest registration on June 5 it is expected that the second lottery will be completed within three hours.

Five Classes This Time

Establishment of five classes for the registrants, fixing relative liability for service, will make Thursday's drawing of far less importance, even to the men directly concerned, than was that of a year ago.

The order in which a registrant's number is drawn Thursday will determine only his place in the class to which he will be assigned, whereas the first drawing was to fix the registrant's place in the order of his call for service.

Assignment of a registrant to Class One is practically certain to entail his early call to the colors if he is physically fit, and if he is given deferred classification his position in the other classes is of little moment.

Attaches of the Provost Marshal General's staff probably will be used to draw the capsules.

As soon as a capsule is selected, it will be handed to another attache, who will open it and read aloud the number.

Numbers Cross Checked

A most careful cross checking of the numbers will be made in order that there may be no mistake.

Each number, as it is withdrawn from the bowl, will be written in order upon a large blackboard, placed in full view of all in the room. When it has been filled up this board will be photographed for a permanent record.

Each local board will be furnished with an official report of the order in which the numbers appeared so that they will be able to make up liability lists for their districts.

Preparation of such lists, however, will be postponed until the new registrants have returned their questionnaires, which are now being distributed.

Seven days have been allowed for filling out and returning these documents.

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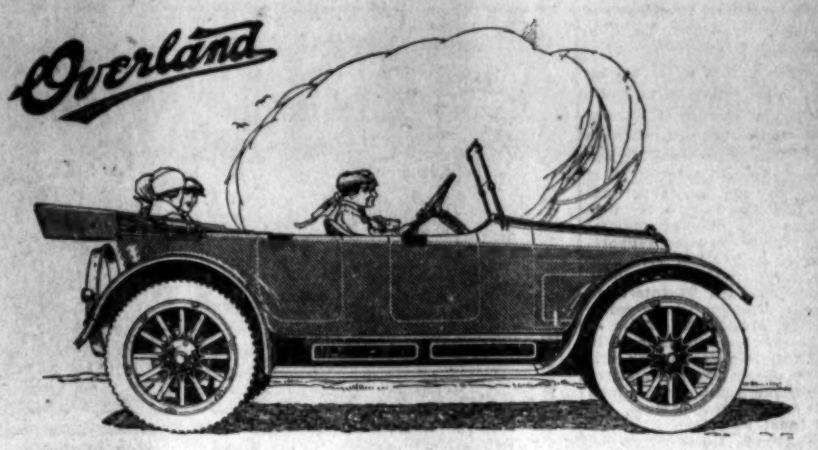

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Peking Day By Day

The Presidential Election

The members of the new Parliament are arriving in Peking everyday from the various provinces and the Government is making preparations to covene the Legislature on the tenth or fifteenth of August. The election of a new President and Vice-President will take place in September next.

President Feng has expressed his views about his intention to retire to his native home in Hokienfu, Chihli, after October 10, through some vernacular papers say he has no ambition for the next term of office. H. E. Feng says that ex-Premier Hsu Shih-chang is the best man suitable for the presidential chair and this view is being supported by the Anfu political club, the Chiaotung faction and other bodies. The rumor circulated by interested persons about Premier Tuan's ambition for the presidential chair is without the slightest foundation. In fact, the Prime Minister is even willing to give up his present position and power if there is a suitable man to replace him in the Cabinet, not to say the next President.

If these reports turn out to be true then we may not expect much trouble among the various factions in the coming presidential election.

Anti-Japanese Feeling In Hunan

According to the Chung Hua Hsin Pao, in regard to the case of the wounding of a Chinese water-carrier soldier (?) by a Japanese who refused to be searched in Changteh, Hunan, the Waichiaopu has lodged a protest with the Japanese Legation. In reply, the Japanese Minister promised to send a telegram to the Japanese Consul, instructing him to warn the Japanese merchants there in order that such an occurrence may not be repeated. At the same time Baron Hayashi made the demand that the Foreign Office should also ask Commander Feng Yu-hsiang to order his troops to treat the Japanese residents more politely hereafter.

Now it is reported that in the afternoon of July 22, the Japanese Minister communicated a warning to the Foreign Office, worded in a very severe tone. He says that as General Chang Chin-yao and his troops in Hunan are entertaining ill-feeling towards the Japanese residents there, and between other northern troops and the Japanese there is also a lack of complete understanding, there have been deplorable accidents and many Japanese there are preparing to remove to other places. So he demands that strict discipline should be maintained among the northern troops. It is known whether or not the so-called northern troops stated in the above "warning," mean the troops under the command of General Feng Yu-hsiang at Changteh.

Naval Attack On Swatow

According to a native contemporary, all the foreign Consuls in Swatow have addressed an urgent telegram to the Commander-in-Chief, Li Houchi, in Amoy to the effect that Swatow is a large treaty port, where there are many foreign residents. If any fighting is deemed necessary, it should take place 30 li beyond Swatow. It is also reported that the navy will be despatched from Fukien to co-operate with the land attack against Swatow. If this is true, the lives and property of the residents would be greatly endangered. Therefore the navy should be advised not to enter the harbor of Sha-si in order to prevent a reciprocal artillery attack.

The Tuchun of Fukien is said to have telegraphed to the Central Government reporting the matter and asking for instructions.

Threat To Peking Newspaper

The following anonymous threat has been received by the Peking Leader:

Confidential
Peking, July 22, 1918.

The Editor,
Peking Leader,

Sir:—I beg to inform you that during the course of the last couple of weeks you have changed your attitude and you have in fact printed too much anti-government rumors, such as the $80,000,000 Yen notes, $100,000,000 loan on land tax security, etc., and other anti-government articles to the great detriment of North China.

Your case is now in my hands. As I am fond of modern newspapers and do not like to do anything against any paper or agency unless I am forced to do so under extreme pressure, I beg to suggest that you temporarily cease to print rumors, especially in matters concerning Japanese, who are now the strongest in East Asia.

The Government has undoubtedly signed some loans with the Japanese, such as the Ki-Hwei Railway, ten millions from currency loan and Kirin forest loan; but you should not publish nonsense for the misinformation of foreigners in Peking.

Hoping this suggestion will be accepted by you, otherwise I shall take steps against you as ordered.

This is confidential and I sent this in a friendly spirit without the slightest malice.

Yours, etc.
X.

Wenchow-Hangchow Railway

As already reported, the British Minister, Sir John Jordan, called upon Mr. Tsao Yu-lin, Minister of Communications, last week and had a long confidential talk with him. It is now learnt that the conversation they held on that day was chiefly connetced with the question of the Wenchow-Hangchow Railway.

Some years past the Chinese Government contracted a loan from a certain American firm, known as Yu Chung Co. (?). In the agreement it was stipulated that the proceeds of the loan were to be devoted to the construction and maintenance of this particular line. The British, however, said that according to the contract of the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway, the British capitalists had the privilege of priority of investment in the construction of any branch line of these railways, and this Wenchow-Hangchow Railway could be considered as one of the branches. They also maintained that if the Chinese Government gave away this line to a third party, they would construe it as a breach of the original contract. A great deal of discussion then ensued on this point which lasted for several years. For it is still maintained by the Chinese Government that this line is over 300 li in length and so cannot be considered as a branch railway.

Up to the present no satisfactory solution has yet been found. It is said that when the British Minister called last week, nothing definite came out of the conference.

The Kirin Forestry Loan

The representatives of the Kirin people who came to Peking to protest against the Manchuria Forestry Loan sent a telegram to the Provincial Assembly July 22, that as a result of their interview and their effective arguments, the Minister of Finance has agreed to submit the proposal for the cancellation of the loan agreement to a Cabinet Conference. It is understood that the agreement will not be cancelled, but it is possible that certain modifications will be made in it in the hopes of satisfying the Kirin people.

The Shanghai Fracas

A Chinese press report states that the Japanese residents held a general meeting at a certain club in the East City for the discussion of the fracas betwen Chinese and Japanese in the International Settlement at Shanghai. The report continues that it was decided to urge the authorities to take up the matter with the Shanghai Municipal Police authorities, and that it shall be suggested that all the Chinese police in certain districts in Shanghai should be substitued by Japanese, and that Chines policemen should not be given arms. If the above report is true, it is an interesting one, for it shows the trend of the Japanese mind. Without the case coming up for trial it is taken for granted that the Chinese are in the wrong. This is the attitude generally adopted by the Japanese in affairs of this nature in the interior, and the Chinese are invariably held to be in the wrong. In the International Settlement, however, the rights and wrongs of the case will be carefully gone into, and if the Chinese are innocent the verdict will be given in their favor.

Formal Parliaments

According to a report received by the Government from Canton all arrangements are being made to open the Parliament there on August 10. It is going to be called the formal session of Parliament, and as we are to have a formal opening of a Parliament somewhere about the same time in Peking, it will be difficult to tell which is the most formal. There will probably be a rush to get in first and the winner will naturally claim that the other is only an informal one. Neither of them can claim to have any particular legal right to the title, and, as with everything else in the country, the only thing to do is to let them fight it out, as a result of which they will probably formally amalgamate and become a double formal institution.

Situation In Mongolia

During the past few weeks reports have come down from Mongolia concerning the manner in which the Bolsheviki and other Russian undesirables have been flocking into Mongolia, and thereby causing a danger to the Chinese community there. Most of these reports have come through Chinese and they have always had tacked on to them a request that the Chinese Government should send a large force of men to protect Chinese interests. It is said in some quarters that there is a desire on the part of certain of the Chinese officials to secure the control of Mongolia which China had previous to the outbreak of the revolution, and that these reports are being used toward that end. It is strange that foreign reports are of an entirely different nature. They state that the Mongols are keeping excellent order, and that the Bolshevik movement there is of a negligible force and that up to the present they have been forced to behave themselves. These reports also state that in the interior there is no brigandage and that caravans are never interfered with. The Mongols do not want a Chinese force at Urga and when the Chinese endeavored to send one a short time ago they refused to allow it to pass Udde, the second telegraph station in the middle of the Gobi Desert. According to a Chinese report, Chen Lu, Chinese Resident at Urga, telegraphed the Government July 22, reporting that on account of the activities of the Bolsheviki on the Mongolian-Siberian frontier, the Mongolian Self-Government had adopted measures to recruit new troops and increase the frontier garrisons. They also are undertaking to build new telegraph lines for military purposes, as a precautionary measure should any attempt be made at invasion. The Living Buddha, so the telegram says, intends to proclaim martial law throughout Mongolia.

Foreign Minister Resigns

It now seems clear that Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, who is at present at Peitaiho, intends to send in his resignation. He telegraphed July 22, that he does not intend to return to Peking for some time and suggests that his position be filled by another official. The Government intends to send delegates to try and persuade him to resume his post.

Miscellaneous

A Reformatory has been established by the Ministery of Interior for women, and the building is located in the Shih-pai Hutung. In the reformatory four subjects are to be taught, namely: (1) embroidery, (2) sewing, (3) domestic science and (4) writing.

Another invention of a flying-machine has been made by the President of the Airship school at Nanyuan. This machine can carry a dynamo of 240 horsepower and 10 men with 2 quick-firing guns.

Repeated telegrams have been sent by the ex-Premier, Hsu Shih-chang, to Mr. Liang Shih-yi urging him to return to the North, as there are some important matters to be talked over with him. Mr. Liang has replied that he would leave Hongkong for Peking on he 25th instant.

A meeting was held on July 22, when all the important persons of the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications assembled to discuss the means for the cash payment of the notes of their Tientsin branches. It is reported that some measures have already been adopted to prevent their notes from being again affected in future.

The Deputy Commander-in-Chief of the Fengtien Army, General Hsu Shu-chen, has telegraphed to a prominent person in the Capital, saying that the question for which he took a trip to Fengtien to solve has now progressed favorably and that he would be able to return in a few days. The rumor that there is some misunderstanding between him and Tuchun Chang Tso-lin is, he says, baseless.

It is reported that the merchants of a certain foreign country have requested the Government through their Legation in Peking to instruct the officials in Kiangsu to raise the embargo on rice in that province.

At the instance of the Ministry of Education a conference of the Presidents of the Technical Colleges and Chancellors of the Universities throughout the country will be held in the Capital. The conference is understood to have commenced on July 24.

A delegation of four representatives from Heilungkiang has arrived in the Capital to lodge a protest with the Government against the conclusion of the Kirin Forestry Loan. They will interview the Premier and the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

In order to make preparations for the opening of Kalgan and five other cities in North China to international trade, the Ministries of Finance, Interior, Foreign Affairs and Agriculture and Commerce have decided to jointly appoint officials to organise a commission to consider the different questions in connection therewith.

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BERLIN IN A STATE OF 'NERVES', SAYS WRITER

'In The Reichstag They Say—' Is The Introduction To Every Rumor

The following article by von Salzmann, published in the Vossische Zeitung, reveals, as The New Europe" observes, "something of the psychology of Berlin during the great offensive." This was in the early stages. What must that psychology be now?

"It is remarkable in this war how often the tension of the nerves of a large part of the German public produces hallucinations. In Berlin people have been saying quite openly to one another everywhere, 'In the Reichstag they say' our losses were enormous. 'In the Reichstag they say' the offensive in the West has stuck. 'In the Reichstag they say' the enemy is much stronger than the High Command had assumed at the beginning of the offensive. 'In the Reichstag they say' we had no horses left, and therefore could not continue the offensive. 'In the Reichstag they say' the whole country round Ypres is a great lake and therefore impassable. 'In the Reichstag they say' all the country between Amiens and Paris is mined and would be blown up. There is a great deal more which is said to have been said 'in the Reichstag' and is being believed. People have begun to lose their nerve. One asks why! How is this? One puzzles one's head, but cannot understand it. The War Minister, in answer to a question in the Reichstag, spoke to this effect: 'Of course heavy losses are unavoidable in such a battle. They were very heavy at one part of the front; in many regiments two-thirds of the company commanders have fallen.' The story is now told of a certain Deputy that he said to his electors in a northeast German town with reference to this: 'The War Minister has publicly stated that our losses are so heavy that the offensive must be abandoned.' This is how they talk of the Reichstag in Berlin.

"I do not for a moment doubt that the fearless and upright Deputies will indignantly relegate all these stories to the realm of fable. The Reichstag was always proud, and has a strong backbone and claims that fear has never entered its marrow. It always acted from the noblest motives only. No one doubts this. How comes it, however, that whenever a lull takes place in the operations it is always said, on the authority of Deputies, that they have spread the most incredible rumors? Something must be wrong somewhere. Let these gentlemen themselves think what a responsibility they have to the Fatherland and the morals of the whole people—they whose first duty it is to maintain it. Criticism is very easy. It is more difficult to take up a fearless attitude for improvement of one's self. Facts always carry conviction. The events which show the facts have happened. Is the capture of Mont Kemmel not a fact? Is our offensive checked? Did the English and French in Paris prophesy correctly when they said that the Flanders front was not inflexible, that the English were unbeaten and everything was in the best order? I think we have no reason to hang our heads and look gloomily on the future. It is time to admit a little confidence into our hearts once more. We cannot hold out with poor courage. If a man cannot set his teeth firmly, let him at least keep his mouth shut and not weaken the will of others by his pusillanimous talk. Now is no time for whining. A quaking heart is half lost. He who does not believe in a good issue and victory will not find favor with the Goddess of Victory. Does any one think that men who could capture the formidable position on Mont Kemmel cannot achieve even greater things?

"People should not allow themselves to be frightened by old wives' tales. Is there anything that the German soldier cannot do? The man in the steel helmet can do everything; there is no doubt of this. He has proved himself superior to the enemy wherever he has met him, and has overthrown worlds. We shall see even greater things done by our countrymen out there. . . . If any one can get away from the present and think of the future of our Fatherland, he must say to himself that all these events are links in one great chain. Hindenburg and Ludendorff are forging it link by link; the one fits into the other until the chain lies completed and unbreakable and the work is finished. Certainly this work costs blood—noble, precious German blood, the blood of the best sons of the Fatherland. But the blood has not flowed in vain. It can never have flowed in vain. It is creating the basis upon which we shall build. Heroic courage and daring are the moral imponderabilia which are rising up, and in them we must believe. This pure ideal element rises higher and more threateningly against the shameless wall of lies of the enemy."

News Brevities

Five Chinese chauffeurs were fined yesterday in the Mixed Court from $3 to $30 for violating traffic rules. Two were charged with refusing to obey the signals of the police, one with ignoring the signal of the constable after an accident had taken place, another with driving on the wrong side of the road, and the fifth with having no tail lights.

* * *

Judgment in the case against the two Germans, Otto Selke and Walter Rohr, charged with forging passports, will be delivered this morning at the Mixed Court by British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan.

* * *

Jewan Singh, an Indian, was ordered to be deported yesterday in the British Supreme Court. He was charged with acting in a manner prejudicial to the defense, peace and security of the Indian Dominion.

* * *

The Police Recreation Club will meet at the Central Station this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

* * *

Two Chinese were convicted yesterday in the Mixed Court for defrauding the public by the issuance of bogus lottery tickets and selling them through the post. One received one year in jail and the other two months. The principal accused was a former sorter in the Chinese Post Office and he made use of much intimate knowledge of the service. The bogus establishment was conducted at 60 Chung Ming Road under the name of the Association of Universal Brotherhood.

* * *

Mr. Ellis G. Brodie, of the Franco-American Co., will appear in the United States Consular Court Friday morning on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The charge is preferred by J. Llewellyn and Co., Ltd. It is alleged that the defendant gave a compradore order for $25 which was not honored.

* * *

The Shanghai Municipal Police have asked a summons from the American Consular Court for Mr. W. C. Wickersham, alleging an attack upon a Sikh policeman. The case will be heard Friday morning.

Repairing Flag Aboard One Of Uncle Sam's Battleships

The ship's quartermaster repairing "Old Glory" aboard one of Uncle Sam's battleships in American waters. (Readers of this newspaper who wish a photographic copy of this picture may obtain it by sending ten cents to the Division of Pictures, Committee on Public Information, Washington, D. C. Enclose this clipping).

Today's Band Program

The following program will be played by the Band in the Public Garden today, weather permitting, beginning at 5:30 p.m.:

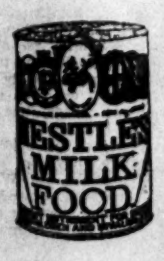
1. March—My Soldier Boy ...Ridgood.
2. Overture—The Caliph of Bagdad ..... Boieldieu.
3. Waltz—Diana ..... Kirby.
4. Selection—Cox and Box ...Sullivan.
5. Gavotte—Nuriel .....Amillon.
6. —Selection—The Quaker Girl Ruben.

A. de Kryger, Conductor-in-charge.

PEACE POSTAGE STAMPS

The Bavarian government is about to show its faith in an early termination of the war by issuing so-called "peace postage stamps," according to intelligence printed in the German papers. Well known artists have sent in designs in which the traditional dove with an olive branch, the goddess of peace and other symbols of peace, figure.

NESTLÉ'S FOOD



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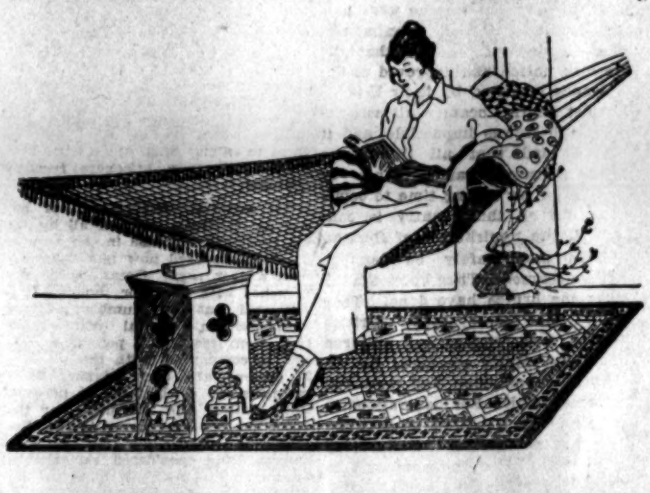

Congoleum lies flat without fastening. They do not curl or "kick-up" at the edges.

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WEATHER

Some more intermittent squalls with local showers in the Central district and thunderstorms in the south and the south-west.

DEATH

McCOLL: On July 29th, 1918, at Hongkong, Annie Tweedie Alexander, wife of Donald McColl of Shanghai.

18860

FUNERAL

Services of the late Mrs. S. D. Lee, nee Miss Alice Zong Tuh Hoo, will be held Thursday, August first, at 1.30 p.m., in Moore Memorial Chapel, corner of Yunnan and Hankow Roads; after which her remains will be buried in the Hungjao Road Cemetery.

18859

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 31, 1918

'The Mark Of Cain'

In The Liverpool Journal of Commerce appeared recently this bitter denunciation of German seamen, signed "Nauticus" — denunciation which, as the editor of The Manufacturers' Record puts it, "fairly burns and scorches." The editor just quoted goes further, maintaining that such "should be the treatment of all Germans everywhere on earth, until in sackcloth and ashes they repent and dedicate their lives to atonement for their nation's awful crimes."!

LET there be no mistake about the depth of the feeling against Germany which all decent seamen entertain at this moment. It is fiercer than the worst storm that ever blew and as strong as the trade wind which comes from the southeast.

There will be strange ships on the waves—vessels flying a flag which has been hidden in canals and backwaters, where dastardly deeds are plotted for close on four full years. They will outwardly look like other ships. To all appearances they will be honest ships, but to every seaman that was not suckled by a German mother or sired by one of the ravishers of brave Belgium they will be known as Scheussliche Schiffe, or horrible, abominable ships! They may fly the German flag in all its flaunting flashiness, but it will always be foul and bloody even in the pure sunlight of the tropics.

Against the deep blue sky of summer this flag will look like an old boot on a sacred altar; the very vault of heaven will be stabbed with shame when it swims into the light of day. No one will salute it; no cheery message from cheery heart will greet it as it passes; no eye will be turned upon it from the crow's nest without a curse; it will pass along the silent highways of the world like the murderer of a little child seeking to hide from justice. Dirty, foul, horrible and abominable, red with the blood of innocent women and children and brave men, even the cleansing ozone of God's great sea will not wash it clean in twice ten thousand years. It will stink in the nostrils of all mankind for ever and ever!

To a clean, honest sailor the sea is like a mother. The British Seamen's Union knows all about the foul murders which have been committed by German seamen, and its members will see that the full price is paid for these awful crimes against humanity. Three so-called peace delegates have been trying to sneak away to America for some time past, but so far they have found it impossible to embark. Why? Simply because the British seamen say no. They would refuse to work a vessel if pacifists and others of like type were on board.

This shows the spirit, and if further evidence were needed it can be found in the recent utterances of J. Havelock Wilson, who has stated in public that the merchant marine masters, engineers, sailors, firemen and deck hands were fully resolved not to carry pacifists across the ocean. In addition to this the merchant service, from the officers down to the cabin boys, have pledged themselves not to salute the German flag in any port abroad, and they will refuse to salute it, or even recognise it, on the high seas.

The German papers, which undoubtedly reflect the German mind, gloat over the crimes of their U-boats much as a foul murderer gloats over his victims. They take a sort of diseased pride in such ghastly work. But the feeling of all neutral seamen is against them. Norway, since the outbreak of the war, has lost 745 vessels and 946 sailors through the German butchers, and it may be taken for granted that the result has been a legacy of eternal hate. Spain, Brazil, Uruguay, every nation on earth, has suffered at the hands of the Teuton pirates, and the seamen of every nation will make them pay the bill.

At a large meeting held in Copenhagen some weeks back, whereat hundreds of officers of the Danish merchant marine were present, it was agreed unanimously that in view of the fact that the German nation had approved of the outrages comitted by their U-boats against neutral seamen all association with it was impossible, and it was decided that all intercourse with German seamen must be broken off for a long time to come.

As far as this country is concerned, the punishment of German seamen may safely be left to British seamen. They know exactly what the brutes have done. They know that over 4,000 British civilian men, women and children have been foully murdered by the German submarines, and they will act accordingly. For generations to come no S. O. S. will be heard when it emanates from a German ship in distress. For the next two to three hundred years German seamen will be known as the sharkmen of the sea, and something of the treatment accorded to captured sharks by fishermen in certain parts of the world will be theirs whenever opportunity affords.

In every foreign port Germans will be marked men. Every hand will be against them, and they will never see the welcome smile of a friend. In the drinking dens they will drink audibly and showily, as is their custom, but they will drink alone. No friendly glass or pot will clink or knock merrily against theirs. In all the world's great harbors they will be known as butchers and murderers—men branded through to their very souls with the mark of Cain. And on all the seas and oceans their ships will be known as Scheussliche Schiffe—low, horrible and abominable ships!

Such is the punishment for their dreadful and wicked crimes, and it has been given by the even justice of the whole of the civilised world. Let "kultur" take heed of this and tremble for its sons, for in the days to come they will cry out for mercy. But there will be no mercy—seamen never forget and seamen never forgive, and they have looked upon their dead not once, but a hundred times.

Aroused To The Peril Of War Gas

Washington Is Busy Atoning For Lost Time—Senator Hitchcock Says Our Men Will Soon Begin To Get Deadliest 'Mustard' Shells

(New York Times)

In no other branch of war work at Washington has there been such a growth of interest—both within the War Department and without it—as in the development of the gas warfare service. Upon this department may be thrust an expansion something like that which the airplane has undergone. Germany has forced the issue in this barbarous way of fighting, just as she has in bombing unfortified towns from aircraft and in sinking unarmed merchant. Upon the discovery and use of new poisonous gases she is evidently centering more and more energy.

Gas, it is said, has been the chief factor in the recent German gains. It was gas that opened the way for Germany to win back the ground at Cambrai. With every general attack in the drive of 1918 there has been a gas strategy, evidently worked out with the greatest care as a main part of the plans. Special gas maneuvers were designed to meet special situations. One of these was the use of what is called ephemeral gases; that is, gases which quickly evaporated, timed so that their poisonous effects would disappear before the arrival of the oncoming German troops.

Poison gases of long duration were distributed over the Allied territory, according to a zone system. Some zones were drenched, others were left free. Maps, supplied to the German soldiers in the attacking party, indicated which zones were safe for them to enter. Such maps have been found on German prisoners recently captured.

The growing importance of gas warfare is shown most of all by the extraordinary increase in the number of gas shells used now in comparison with a year ago. Great areas are drenched with gas for hours. It is estimated that the number of gas shells used in general attacks has risen from less than 5 percent a year ago, in comparison with the total, to 25 percent, and even higher. Some estimates are as high as 60 percent. With neither the German nor the Allies nor our own army is the discharge of 15,000 shells in one continuous firing considered remarkable. Sometimes the number has run into several hundred thousand.

All this points to an immense output of gas shells by the United States and a highly developed strategy in poison gases in order to beat the Germans at their own game. What has been done thus far? A short time ago the Senate Committee on Military Affairs appointed a subcommittee to inquire into this situation in view of the evident increasing importance of gas warfare as brought out in the first German drive of the past Spring. The committee has had numerous witnesses at its meetings. Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, Chairman of the sub-committee, when asked for his views in Washington the other day as to what progress was being made in the development of gas warfare by the War Department, gave on the whole an opinion that is reassuring and encouraging, though what he said was not without some sharp criticism.

"I think, from what I have learned," said Senator Hitchcock, "that we will be producing large quantities of gas soon, but it is deplorable that the War Department did not take action sooner. Somebody in the department should have appreciated, a year ago, the enormous importance that gas was to play in this war.

"Plans for the production of gas on a larger scale should have been made then, and should have been developed along with the research work, so that there would have been no delay in putting to use against Germany the accomplishments of the chemists who were engaged on this problem. The research work was promptly started by the Bureau of Mines, and has been admirably conducted, with, as I understand it, promise of notable results when discoveries that have been made reach the production stage. But the details, of course, have been kept in strictest secrecy.

"In the Medical Department also, under several heads, and in the Bureau of Standards, gas defense work was started early, but there was no close co-operation in the work done by different bureaus of different departments. A director of gas should have been appointed by the War Department last Summer, and the research and production sides coordinated from the start, under the conception that it was to become one of the major activities of the War Department.

"That is what is being done now under the direction of Major Gen. William L. Sibert, who was placed at the head of the gas division a short time ago. I think the work is being well done. Every effort apparently is being made to make up for the delays of the past. I do not wish to be considered as criticising any of the men in charge now. The blame for the delay dates back to last Summer, or before the resurrection of the War Department this Spring, and I wish to speak especially in praise of Mr. Crowell and Mr. Stettinius.

"Until recently we have looked on gas too much from the defensive side and our early work apparently was mainly along that line. It is of the first importance that we develop it as an offensive weapon, that we prepare to meet the German attacks shell for shell and beat them at it. Neither France nor Great Britain has made gas on more than a small scale, in comparison with the Germans. In fact, they and we have been a lap behind the Germans all the time.

"First, the Germans blew gas at us through a pipe. By the time the Allies had devised the pipe and were sending out gas at the enemy in that way, the Germans had advanced in gas warfare to the point that they were able to throw it in three-inch shells to the front lines of the Allies. Then, by the time we reached the three-inch shell stage the Germans were putting it in six and nine inch shells and shooting it behind our lines, seven miles back and further. I think the next step will be the dropping of gas shells from airplanes.

"It was gas, I think, that enabled the Germans to get through in the recent drives. We must make our plans with the realisation that it is one of the great factors in this war and that supremacy in it may have a decisive bearing on the result. I do not think it is an exaggeration to say that twenty times as many gas shells are used as were used a year ago. On a seven-mile sector, in a recent drive, the Germans discharged 125,000 twelve-pound shells in one day. This gives an idea of what our requirements are to be. So far our shipments of gas to France have not been large. We have sent over some in containers, with which French shells have been filled for our use. We have also shipped material to the French for the making of gas."

"Have any gas shells been shipped over?"

"No, not yet. There were technical difficulties to be overcome in the manufacture of the shell. A special shell, of course, is required. One difficulty was, as I understand it, in fixing the chambers so that the gas would not leak into the exploding part; there was also some trouble connected with the exploding agency, or 'booster.' These difficulties have been worked out, so that production plans can be carried out without further delay. By next Fall, I think, we shall be producing both gas and shells in large quantities."

Over no branch of work in the War Department is so much secrecy thrown as that of gas warfare, and for obvious reasons. The location of the plants for the manufacture of gas is not made known. The largest one will cost several millions of dollars. Even a greater secrecy surrounds the research work, for the element of success in gas warfare is surprise. It is said that more than twenty different gases have been used thus far in the war in Europe, and as fast as the Germans send out a new one against the Allies or our forces a sample is despatched to this country to be analysed by the American chemists working under the Bureau of Mines at the American University near Washington. There are more than 1,000 of these men, most of them volunteers, and including the leading chemists in the country.

In analysing the gas the search is to find a neutraliser which will destroy the harmful properties. This is the principle of the gas mask, to place an intervening neutralising screen between the soldier and the poisoned air. The first one was a piece of wet cloth placed over the nose and eyes. It worked because chlorine gas, the first used by the Germans, at Ypres three years ago, dissolved readily in water. Since then the contest, in one of its forms, has been between gases and masks, each new gas aiming to destroy the protection of the mask. The American chemists, it is reported, have been successful in finding neutralisers for Germen gases, as well as in the discovery of original gas weapons against the Germans. One of the chemists predicted a few days ago that a preventive would soon be found against mustard gas, indicating that this was the only one up to that time that remained unsolved.

There is no better illustration of the diabolical ingenuity of the Germans than the mustard gas. One protection against it made by the War Department is an oil suit which incloses the soldier from head to foot, with straps under the shoes and a hood over the head. The suits are intended especially for men who handle guns behind the front lines, as their protection is of great importance in resisting an attack of the enemy. The suits are so heavy as to be uncomfortable in hot weather, and are not likely to be adopted for general use.

On the defense side of gas warfare the War Department lost little time. In May, 1917, the Secretary of War directed the Surgeon General to supply the army with gas masks. A month later the gas defense service was organised as a part of the Sanitary Corps, and the first officer in charge was commissioned as a Major. It took almost a year before it had grown to the importance that a Major General was placed in charge of the whole gas division.

There are now two large factories for the turning out of gas masks for men. They have been in operation since Jan. 1. Each mask is carefully inspected, as the slightest leak might prove fatal. Recently a factory for the manufacture of horse masks was completed. It turns out 5,000 a day. They are being sent to France in large numbers, and it is expected that within a short time every horse connected with the American Expeditionary Force will be equipped with the new masks. They are odorless, though impregnated with chemicals to neutralise all known gases that would affect horses. An advantage, in comparison with other masks for horses is that they can be placed securely on the heads of horses which are wearing harness. Many horses have been overcome by gas because they were not wearing harness, to which other types of masks were attached.

There are many different kinds of masks, probably a score, not counting those which have become obsolete. The mask being supplied to the American soldiers is the best of all, it is claimed. It is known as the box respirator type. A recent improvement is a hood of rubber fabric that gas cannot penetrate. The eyes are of glass, instead of celluloid as formerly used; the glass is made in layers, with celluloid between, so that should the glass crack it would be prevented from shattering. All breathing is through the mouth, pincers shutting up the nostrils. The gas-charged air enters through the bottom of the canister, where by means of neutralising chemicals it is purified. From the top of the canister the air passes into a rubber tube, and thence it is drawn by means of a rubber mouthpiece into the lungs of the wearer. There is a one-way shutter valve in the hood, through which the breath comes out. The mask was designed to preserve the life of the soldier for ten hours. Improvements will probably extend this period, in order to lessen the danger from any kind of surprise attack.

It is a credit to American ingenuity that the respirator type of mask, recognised as the most successful, was originated by the Bureau of Mines of the Department of the Interior for rescue work in mines. The Germans adopted it as a defense in gas warfare, as did the French, with modifications. The experts in the Bureau of Mines who invented the mask went to work on it, after we entered the war, to improve it in the highest degree possible as a military gas mask. There is another kind of mask known as the "emergency." It is for use behind the lines, at some distance from the front, where, until the Germans began to throw gas shells ten miles or more behind the lines, the danger was less. The "emergency" covers the head like a helmet. The wearer breathes through the fabric of the headpiece, which has been soaked in chemicals to neutralise the poison gases. The protection such a mask affords is about three hours. Facilities for the manufacture of masks are said already to be on a scale extensive enough not only to meet our own needs, but also those of the Allies if necessary.

The training of our soldiers in gas-defense before they go abroad was early taken up by the War Department and has been expanded to meet the needs of the growing army. According to late cablegrams, American soldiers in the front trenches are making good use of their training. A recent order of the War Department provided for a further broadening of these plans of preparation. Instructors in gas defense are to be trained at the new camp of the Engineer Corps at Camp Humphreys, Va. The plans embody a course of a month's instruction, at the end of which officers will be fitted to become division gas officers, taking charge of the work of preparing American soldiers for defense against gas attacks. The first of the gas schools started about three weeks ago. Thirty gas officers will be trained at a time. The officers who are now on duty at the training camps received their training last November in the camp at the American University, from English officers of experience in offensive and defensive gas warfare, who were brought over for that purpose by the War Department. Most of the gas officers are commissioned First Lieutenants. They must possess, to begin with, a thorough knowledge of chemistry.

Under the division gas instructors and assistants, officers and enlisted men are taught how to detect the presence of gas and trained in the quick putting on of the gas mask. Officers are instructed in how to give the alarm of an approaching gas attack, how to protect the equipment as well as the men, and how to dispose of poison fumes which cling to the ground of the trenches. Toward the close of the training the enlisted men go through a test in the use of their masks in the presence of poison gases, in a specially constructed gas chamber. There is no doubt that our men enter the fighting far better prepared to withstand a gas attack than were the soldiers of France and England in the early stages of gas war. They had to learn how to defend themselves on the field of battle itself.

An ideal war gas, from the standpoint of the Germans, who against their agreement at the first Hague Convention have introduced this barbarous form of warfare, would be one which, sweeping over a sleeping army, would destroy it. Nature, however, sets a limit to such an ambition. It is not conceivable that a gas can be produced in quantities to accomplish this purpose. In the aversion to such methods of warfare, the French, English and Americans have been slow perhaps to turn to the new weapon. Their first steps were merely defensive. But now that they are forced to retaliate, as the Germans are relying more and more on poison gases, it is predicted in Washington that a terrible punishment will be inflicted on the originators of the most cruel form of warfare.

The Old Order Changeth -:- By J. J. Montague

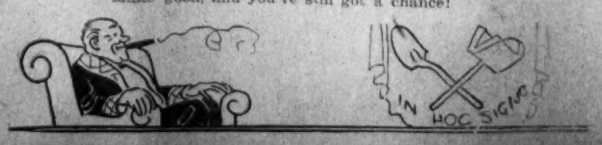
The aristocracy of the future will consist of persons who do things.—Charles M. Schwab.

What horrid, heretical language is this
From the lips of the rude Mr. Schwab?
Can't a gentleman get in our top social set
Unless he's made good on the job?
Must a youth who was reared by a butler and nurse
In his papa's Fifth avenue palace
Be handed the hoot by some low-browed galoot
Who started in life with one gallus?

No more can a person's position be safe.
In spite of the size of his wad,
If he only can show it was ages ago
Since an ancestor carried a hod,
His grandfather may have been pally with kings,
And rolling in oodles of pelf,
But one can't be a snob, says the said Mr. Schwab,
Until he makes good for himself.

Time was when a man who could always pick out
The right kind of forks when he dined,
Who unveiled his eye when a flapper passed by,
And never kept much on his mind,
Could climb to society's dizziest heights
If his forbears were mentioned by Burke,
Provided, of course, that persuasion or force
Had never induced him to work.

But now if this crass person Schwab has his way
The country won't have any time
For a vacuous swell, though he wears his clothes well,
And his dancing is simply divine.
And so, though your neck may be rough at the back,
And you never have learned how to dance,
You don't need to fear for your social career—
Make good, and you've still got a chance!



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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

BY GOLLY; THERES NO CHANCE OF ME SNEAKIN' OUT TONIGHT MAGGIE IS SITTIN' RIGHT AT THE FRONT DOOR
AN THERE'S THAT COP THAT SHE TO SEE THAT I DON'T SNEAK OUT THE WINDOW -
BESIDES - DINTY MOORE IS SICK SO I MIGHT AS WELL GO TO BED!
GOOD NIGHT! SEE YOU TOMORROW!
GEO MCMANUS

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

How To Keep Well In China

(The American Chamber of Commerce of China has issued a valuable pamphlet on "How To Keep Well In China." It has been compiled from a chapter in a book written by Dr. E. K. Hume, professor in the Yale Medical College, Changsha. It is of interest to every foreigner in China.)

Owing to the misunderstanding that exists in many parts of the world regarding living conditions for foreigners in China, the Executive Committee of the American Chamber of Commerce has considered it necessary to issue specific instructions and information on this subject and it is the wish of the Chamber that these matters be given the widest possible distribution both in China and abroad.

Owing to the great number of deaths that have resulted in the American and other foreign communities in Shanghai and other parts of China from smallpox, typhoid and paratyphoid fevers in the last few years chiefly among new arrivals in China, the American Chamber of Commerce at a meeting of the Executive Committee on June 24 voted to send a communication to its members in China and its connections in America, urging that a clause be inserted in all contracts between firms and employes to the effect that one of the imperative conditions of employment be that the employe be vaccinated, inoculated against typhoid, and pass a physical examination at the hands of a competent physican before being finally accepted for service in China. In cases where firms do not use contracts, the Chamber urges that a definite understanding to the foregoing effect be made between all employes and firms, before the employe is accepted for the China field.

It has been generally estimated that it costs a company from one to two thousand dollars gold to bring a new man to China and fit him for service in this special field. For this reason, and for the higher humanitarian reason involved, it is important that every individual coming out to China for the first time should be instructed in the ordinary rules for keeping well and physically fit in China.

Easy To Keep Well

With reasonable care, it is easy to keep well in the tropics as at home. The practical experience of those who have lived long in China, proves that if one is willing to study the conditions in which he is placed and to fit himself wisely into them by adopting a few simple rules of health it should not be hard to keep well.

In the first place, the new arrival should exercise care in China as at home in taking physical risks. Be particularly careful of the food on your first trip inland. Whether on steamer or train or other conveyance eat only thoroughly cooked foods. The head and eyes should not be recklessly exposed to the sun. Do not be misled by the conflicting advice of well-meaning friends you may meet. Some will say you must or must not wear woolen underwear; that you must or must not wear a particular type of sun hat; that you may eat and again that you may not eat certain kinds of food. The wisest course is to have a frank talk with a thoughtful physician, and to adopt as a working hypothesis the rules of health which he suggests. Gradually you will evolve for yourself a set of health rules, sufficient for the ordinary emergencies of your home.

Be Vaccinated Early

Be vaccinated early against smallpox and typhoid and paratyphoid. These diseases are so prevalent in China and the danger of infection is so materially lessened by these simple precautionary measures that it is wrong not to use the protection they afford. Other infectious diseases abound in China, tuberculosis being the most rampant. Against this, nothing avails so much as the general building up of the systematic resistance and the constant breathing of abundant fresh air. Malarial fever and dengue are common in many districts. They are carried to man by mosquitoes and it is therefore imperative to use mosquito nets on the beds, or better still, to have the entire house screened with wire gauze. Care should be taken to avoid the bites of other insects as well; rat fleas are the transmitters of plague; lice carry typhus; flies, ants and cockroaches may infect with typhoid; and the list could be prolonged. Frequent bathing and change of underwear afford the surest protection. Chinese are still so uninformed in matters of hygiene that every one should be on his guard in crowded streets and in the presence of coolies to avoid contact with clothing probably contaminated and with the breath of persons who may be infected with disease of the respiratory tract. Flies are bred on filth and should be rigorously kept away from food.

Exercise Sanely

Within reasonable limits and after finding out the health experience of your particular locality, exercise as you would at home. Test without taxing your strength. Even in summer, exercise enough to perspire freely; but do not become exhausted. There is more danger of becoming fat from too little, than thin from too much exercise. Go in for that form of exercise which appeals to you, whether it be tennis, cricket, base ball, boating or walking. For those who have not the time or facilities for the more formal games, the daily recreative walk should be a duty. And there are scarcely any who cannot plan for a brief daily period of home calisthenics, taken in sleeping or gymnasium suit. Just these simple measures may make the difference between health and invalidism. Most westerners undoubtedly need more sleep in China than at home. Plan for eight hours as a minimum and for nine whenever you can get it. Thorough ventilation of the sleeping apartments, is if anything more important in China than at home: many will do well to sleep on a porch or veranda. If you are doing hard mental work, take a short nap—even fifteen minutes will do—after the noon meal. You will work better the rest of the day; and in later years this habit will prove most valuable as a means of refreshment after the wearing work of the forenoon.

The newcomer will avoid indigestion by following a few simple rules:

Few Simple Rules

Eat less than in a colder climate, especially of meat. In summer eat plentifully of cooked vegetables, and meat but once a day. Beware of all uncooked food, especially in summer, avoiding all lettuce and other vegetables with whose life history you are not familiar. Uncooked or inadequately cooked meat is frequently the cause of tape worm infection.

Boil all drinking water and milk. Eat slowly, chew thoroughly. Keep the teeth well cleaned and regularly inspected by a competent dentist.

Beware of Chinese cooking. It is frequently very rich and its very tastiness often leads to over-indulgence and indigestion.

Control individual irregularities of the digestive system not with medication, but by modifications of the diet. If constipated use a bulky dietary with whole wheat bread, olive oil, and other relaxing foodstuffs; if prone to diarrhea, eat a concentrated diet. Do not make a habit of adding quantities of salt to your food at meals as this may easily overtax your kidneys. Intestinal parasites abound, many of them entering the system with the food. It is therefore desirable that a physician should make a microscopic examination occasionally in order to be able to say with certainty whether they are present. And if so to institute suitable measures for their removal. Vermifuges are usually strong poisons, and it is better not to take them on the mere chance of their being needed, but to have a microscopic proof that they are called for.

In a land where malaria is common and other parasites of disease abound, it is essential to keep the heart muscles vigorous and to maintain an adequate supply of good red blood. Nothing will keep the heart muscle so sound as avoidance of excess, both in food and drink, and the provision of sufficient exercise to keep the body muscles in good trim. When these become limp and flabby, or when the body becomes over-fat, it is safe to assume that the heart muscle has followed suit. For the patient who has been through an illness or operation the road back to health and vigor seldom lies in medication with pills and tonics, but more often in graduated exercise or massage and a suitable dietary.

Fresh Air And Pure Water

Modern nose and throat specialists tell us that while we give much and deserved attention to the teeth, we practically neglect to clean with regularity the upper part of the respiratory tract. It should be part of one's routine especially in a land where tuberculosis of the lungs abound to use an individual atomizer as he uses an individual toothbrush. A simple alkaline nasal wash and throat spray will do much to prevent common colds and other infections through the nose and throat. All who can should make the cold morning shower and plunge bath a routine. Provided such a bath is followed at once by a good reaction no other tonic is so good for the respiratory system. But it should never be continued if chilling or other adverse reaction occurs. Sponge the chest often with cold water; and do not be afraid of plenty of cold fresh air in the sleeping room at night Practise deep breathing at least twice a day, taking each time fifteen or twenty full breaths so that ample fresh air may ventilate those upper corners of the lungs so frequently undistended and often the starting point of mischief. Avoid keeping the feet or bodily clothing wet for a long time. If exposure to the wet has occured get a hot bath and dry clothing as soon as is possible. No part of one's physical being will be so sensitive to the change in China or need such careful provision for its well being, as the nervous system.

The Mental Attitude

Lastly and perhaps of greatest importance is the mental attitude; for upon this largely depends your general health and possibility of success in this field. Business in China is not conducted on the same efficient lines as it is at home in western lands. If business were conducted in China on the same efficient and business-like lines as at home, there probably would be no cause for your coming to China. The man who succeeds in China as well as in any other outport business field is the man who approaches his new position with a spirit of cheerfulness and charitable attitude toward the people with whom he plans to live and associate. There will be many hindrances and delay and vexations which the wise men will seek to overcome, but which the unwise man will criticise and find fault with. The vast territory comprising China has a population of about four hundred million people who have been accustomed to doing things in pretty much the same way for some two or three thousand years. These methods cannot and will not be changed just because the new arrival finds fault with them. Men who have succeeded in China are those who worked with the current, while at the same time lending the full strength of their personalities and characters in helping to bring about their conditions.

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9th Cavalry Meets Its Waterloo; Shanghai Wins Game Full Of Thrills

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ALL TANGERMANN

Makes One Home Run And Drives In Winning Score In Ninth

Wee Willie Tangermann propelled, pummelled, punched and projected an honest-to-goodness four-bagger into right field exactly at 6:44 o'clock last evening. Wee Willie Tangermann is not credited with a circuit clout on the wallop, but it is only because Bob Eddy was chased across the platter with the winning run in his hip pocket at 6:45 o'clock. The clout wasn't a surprise. The victory was. Shanghai 7, 9th Cavalry 6.

Tangermann hasn't been hitting the ball all the season, but if he never again hits safely, that ninth inning bang to the Cricket Club in right yesterday afternoon will never be forgotten. Our sailor friend was very much a hero. He pasted a homer in the fifth that occasioned three runs, gave Shanghai a one-tally lead and restored the morale for the locals. The first homer sounded "retreat" for Trooper Torrian, 9th U.S. Cavalry, and the second long clout dashed the hopes of Trooper Scott Adams, 9th U.S. Cavalry, who acted as gunner for the colored crew when Torrian was seriously wounded.

"Our Navy" had much to do with the defeat of the land forces. The infield was composed of Maloney, "Pepper-Box" McGowan, Becker and Morriss, while Boss Biffer Tangermann played left, busted up the game and brought heaps of unexpected joy to the well wishing but doubtful Shanghai rooters.

The Memorable Ninth

There is one consolation for Cap Butler. A ball club is only a ball club after all and there are many uncertain happenings in the grand old game. Cap pinned his faith on Torrian and then figured Scott's last ball to work nicely in the rapidly gathering dusk. The speed was an asset until two were dead in the last inning. Not a hit had been garnered off the youthful hurler when Eddy was sent up. Eddy is a portsider at bat as well as in the box and he drew four wide ones. Tangermann drew two and when that second strike came over Tangermann swung, there was a welcome sound of wood meeting leather and the crowd in the stands just stood and yelled.

Never on that baseball ground did a crowd of fans yell and shriek and holler as did that mob of 3,000 yesterday when Tangermann's hit sailed into deep right and Eddy started his race for the platter that brought victory over the best team in the Far East. Shanghai wasn't scheduled to win a game in the series but the dopesters reckoned without Tangermann.

Swan Pitches Good Game

Swan was the winning pitcher and his program for the afternoon was replete with variety. He failed to cover home plate twice, left third naked on another occasion, presented the visitors with a brace of tallies and paved the way for another in the third on a wild pitch and erred in throwing to first instead of home in the seventh. But Swan did his duty as far as hurling and hitting was concerned.

Time and again he yanked himself out of dangerous holes, held the colored men to ten scattered hits, bunted the third strike safely in the second and gave Shanghai a two-run lead, made one hit and bid hard for another and worked the corners to a frazzle. He certainly had a credit balance when the game was over as it was Swan who rose to the occasion on five separate and distinct occasions when his pals started slipping. Swan and Tangermann were the king pinners of a great game.

Now then for the features Johnson, in the sixth, stuck out a dainty black hand, speared Maloney's sizzler as it hugged the third base foul line and shot the sphere across the diamond on a dead line about three feet from the ground, getting the fleet Shanghai first sacker. Maloney made a great bare-handed pickup in the second when McGowan essayed a double killing and pegged badly to first, and McGowan pulled a lightning tagging act on Parker in the fifth.

Twice the Grand Jury returned true bills for larceny against Graceful Slim Steward, the battling second baseman who is again peacefully playing checkers with his roommate and co-worker in the infield, one Parker, for Steward robbed Shanghai hitters of doubles in two different instances. Both stops were gems.

Put It Over on Mistuh Jordon

A note might be made of the fact that Crow stole second on Jordon, the first successful attempt on the million dollar arm, that Crow made a brilliant catch in right, that Crow bagged two more difficult flies as they skated the edge of the typhoon and that Crow died that Maloney might live in the first inning on as neat a bunt as Mike Fenton ever pulled. Crow was only outshone by the Cavalry third sacker Johnson. Johnson's stab will long be remembered.

The Cavalry casualty list was unusually large for a local attack. Williamson's bad ankle was slightly sprained and he was obliged to leave the game, Parker sustained a bad spiking and will be shoeless for 24 hours and Privates Torrian and Scott Adams were slaughtered to make a Shanghai holiday.

The game itself was full of thrills and it was one of those exciting affairs with a windup that makes baseball "the grand old American game." The tension increased as the game wore on and the result was always uncertain. It was a see-saw proposition with Shanghai getting the jump in the first two sessions, the visitors forging ahead in the third, and Tangermann's home run giving Shanghai three in the fifth and a one run lead and both teams battling from the seventh on at six-all. Then came Tangermann's portrayal of the famous character in Christy Mathewson's book "Won in the Ninth," followed by the happy, howling mob.

The Shanghai team, with a strong aggregation of sailors and civilians, was justified by the result. The sailors did most of defensive and offensive work and were welcome additions to Swan, Roberts, Tinkham and Crow.

Shanghai Scores In First

Maloney's single, Crow's sacrifice and Tinkham's hit scored one in the first and Swan's perfect bunt brought McGowan across in the second after McGowan had been passed, moved along on Robert's hit and slipped to third as Robinson let Torrian's fast throw get away.

Swan hit Steward for a start in the third, but he was forced at second when Torrian hit to Becker, Maloney made a beautiful stop of McGowan's throw when the latter attempted to complete the double play. Williamson hit to Swan, the latter fumbled and both men were safe. Cecil's single chased Torrian to third and Williamson to second, both scoring on Swan's wild pitch which put Cecil on third. Parker busted one, sending Cecil across with the third, and making the score Cavalry 3, Shanghai 2.

The fourth was when Swan staged his first exhibition of air tight hurling. Robinson singled and stole and Copeland drew four wide ones. Robby and Copeland worked a double steal and the former scored when Morriss handled Jordon's grounder poorly. The bases were crowded as Swan started to settle down. Tinkham tore in and nabbed Torrian's short fly, holding all runners tight. Swan then fanned Evans and was obliged to doff his helmet when Cecil popped to Maloney.

In the fifth Maloney's double and Crow's single prompted Tangermann's first home run, three across and a one run lead for Shanghai. The ball went clear to the right field cricket club and Copeland was obliged to hurdle the fence before he could retrieve the pill.

Score Tied In Sixth

The score was tied in the sixth when Evans' single followed Steward's double and the Cavalry advanced a kilometer in the seventh when Cecil singled, stole, moved along as Glass rolled to Maloney and tallied. The score should never have been entered in the log book had not Swan slowly tossed the pill to Maloney after making a neat stop of Jordon's grounder. Cecil just burned up the base path coming home.

Mr. Scott Adams proceeded to occupy the pitcher's box vice Mr. Torrian.

And Mr. Scott Adams, just to be sociable, passed Tinkham, moved him to second on a wild pitch and presented Tink with a tally by a still wilder pitch. He didn't allow a hit until Tangermann collected in the ninth, but he was generous.

The eighth brought lines to the faces of the worried spectators. Young men grew old and old men grew older when Copeland was hit by one of Swan's fast ones. Fountain of Youth Swan partially restored happiness when he fanned Johnson and Becker neatly scooped Steward's grounder, killing Copeland at second. With two gone, Swan hit Scott, putting two on, but Swan tightened and Evan's died without a murmur.

Shanghai went down in order in the eighth and the Cavalry ninth was another nerve wearing session. Cecil popped to Morriss and McGowan made a beautiful stop of Glass' hard grounder. The troublesome Jordon met one that Tinkham brought back fast and the catcher only was credited with a single. A yell cut loose when Robinson lined to Maloney.

Swan started the ninth by fanning and the crowd in left field was moved back for Maloney, but he, too, fanned and the glooms were rampant.

Bob Eddy was sent to nit for Crow and drew a base on balls. Then came Tangermann's historic homer. It was some windup.

The numerical abstraction, showing Tangermann credited with a homer and a triple, follows:

Shanghai	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Maloney, 1b.	5	2	2	11	0	0
Crow, rf.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Tangermaann, lf.	5	1	2	0	0	0
Tinkham, cf.	3	1	2	2	0	0
Becker, ss.	4	0	0	1	4	0
Morriss, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2	1
McGowan, 2b.	3	1	0	4	1	0
Roberts, c.	4	0	1	4	1	1
Swan, p.	4	0	1	0	2	1
Eddy, †	0	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	7	9	27	10	3

9th Cavalry	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Williamson, lf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Cecil, cf.	5	2	2	1	0	0
Parker, ss,	3	0	1	1	0	0
Jordon, c.	5	0	3	8	1	1
Evans, lf, 2b.	3	0	1	1	3	0
Glass, lf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Copeland, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Steward, 2b. ss.	3	1	2	0	5	0
Robinson 1b.	5	1	1	15	0	1
Torrian, p.	3	1	0	0	2	0
Scott, p.	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	37	6	10	26*	15	2

*Two out when winning run was scored.

†Batting for Crow in the 9th inning.

Score by innings

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Shanghai	1	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	7	9	3
9th Cavalry	0	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	6	10	2

Earned runs—Shanghai, 5; 9th Cavalry, 2. First base on errors—Shanghai, 1; 9th Cavalry, 2. Left on bases, Shanghai, 4; 9th Cavalry, 7. Two base hits, Maloney, Steward. Three base hits, Tangermann, Jordon. Home run, Tangermann. Stolen bases, Crow, Evans, Cecil, Robinson, Copeland. Sacrifice hit, Crow. Hits—off Swan, 10; off Torrian, 8 in 5 innings; off Scott, 1 in 4 innings. Struck out—by Swan, 3; by Torrian, 4; by Scott, 5. First base on balls—off Swan, 1; off Torrian, 1; off Scott, 1. Hit by pitcher, Steward, Copeland, Scott. Wild pitches, Swan, Scott, 3. Time of game—two hours.

Umpires: Chapman and Logan.

Shanghai v. Meiji Today

Meiji University, runners-up in the Far Eastern championship series at Tientsin, will play Shanghai this afternoon at 4:30, the first opportunity to see the crack Japanese team. The Japanese players arrived from Tientsin yesterday morning and, although billed to play yesterday afternoon, were allowed a day off to rest up after the long trip from Peking. They were interested spectators at yesterday's game.

Today's batting order:

Shanghai.	Meiji.
Maloney, 1b.	Kaji, cf.
Crow, rf.	Konishi, lf.
Tangermann, lf.	Andow, p.
Wilholt, 2b.	Kawara, c.
Tinkham, cf.	Oiwa, rf.
Bradley, c.	Inoue, 1b.
Morriss, 3b.	Nchida, 3b.
Becker, ss.	Nishio, 2b.
Hunter, p.	Ikenaga, ss.

Swan Goes Into Box And Keeps Cavalry From Bunching Hits

SHANGHAI SLUGS

Bats One Pitcher Out Of Box; Fielding Is Best Of Series

Wala Wala

Old Cap Butler, managing director of the Waterlooed troopers, probably went to bed last night patting himself on the back for good joss. The beaming Top Sergeant was in adventurous and sanguine mood yesterday. He not only spoofed the stands with his usual airiness, but he dared them. About the fifth inning or so when we of civilian vocations began to feel uppish he remarked over one shoulder that he had $150 that said the 9th Cavalry would win. At which there was a guffaw. Even Shanghai rooters would bet that. Not getting any rise, Cap suggested that it might be sweetened to $200 and he was again told to quit his kidding. After a few more remarks Cap announced that the 9th Cavalry would make ten runs and that he had $150 that endorsed that remark. And then, as he made his way out to the clubhouse, he distributed whispers to the same effect along the length of the stands. And there were no takers. Now just suppose somebody had had faith in miracles and taken him up! No wonder Cap tapped himself on the shoulder-blades last night.

* * *

Incidentally, Cap's smile and his repartee are making seats in one part of the stands the most popular on the grounds. To say nothing of Cap's dental appurtenances.

* * *

Shanghai got a bulge on the cavalrymen in the sixth, when it took four outs to retire the side. Scott's wild third strike was the cause, letting Roberts get to first. But no runs resulted.

* * *

"Battling" Slim Steward, smiling and efficient as ever, was back in the line-up yesterday.

* * *

The crowd jamming the left field foul line robbed Maloney of a sure three-bagger and a possible homer. And accomplished it without a cent of cost to themselves.

* * *

When the crowd stood up to stretch in the seventh yesterday a couple of courteous British gentlemen in the right stands rose deferently with the multitude. They looked bewildered, not hearing any band playing any anthem or seeing any flag go up or down. But finally they bared their heads anyway to make sure.

* * *

It looks like Champions' day at the races or a big day at the Fair back home when you get out and take a damp at the machines and carriages parked back of the stands during the game.

* * *

The Meiji boys were all out in the right stands yesterday sizing up the talent.

* * *

Shanghai chalked up her first stolen base and her first putout at second during yesterday's circus. Crow gets the laurels for the former while Roberts and McGowan, assisted by Mistuh Pahkah, accomplished the latter feat.

* * *

In the seventh Scott cut loose a brace of wild pitches that figured materially in the Shanghai totals. "No wundah," opined Mistuh Johnsing, at third, "that ovah theah would scare anybody wild." And he waved his mit toward the New World where the alleged band had just begun agonizing.

* * *

Cecil provided the bugs with a sure-enough thrill in the fifth when he raced from left center clear across the outfield and made a flying one-hand stab at Swan's liner. It looked for a second as if he actually had the ball, but it was just a trifle beyond a human possibility. If he had negotiated it, it would have been the greatest catch seen on these grounds. As it was he held Swan to first.

* * *

Cap Butler and his 14 players will be the guests of the crews of the U.S.S. Palos and U.S.S. Quiros at tiffin today. The ball tossers will split up into two parties and dine aboard the gunboats.

* * *

Yesterday was Scott's first appearance on the mound since the horsemen left the Philippines. When he went to bat for Torrian, the umpe announced "Scott batting for Torrian," but Cap Butler informed the newshounds that Adams would pitch for the Cavalry in place of Torrian. "Thought the hurler's name was Scott," murmured one of the newspaper men. "Well, either one," returned the sergeant, "It's Scott Adams."

* * *

The Cavalry team wants to play cricket and the Municipal police eleven has challenged the colored men to a match. It will probably be arranged.

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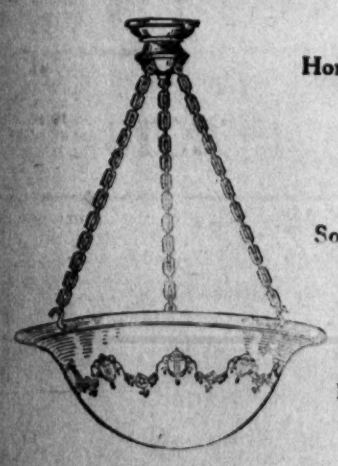

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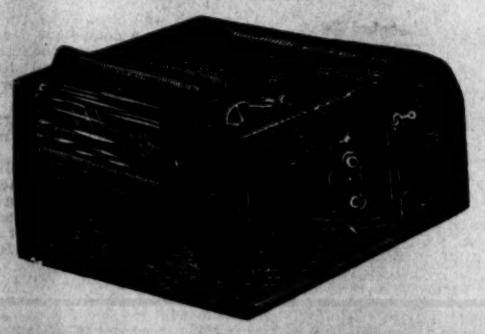

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BROWNING GUN PLANS FOUND ON PRISONERS

Government Accuses Three Men Of Stealing Blueprints From Munition Plants

New York, June 16.—Three men, one of them a German alien, who are charged with having in their possession blue prints of the heavy water-cooled Browning machine-gun, the Liberty motor, French airplanes, gun sights, fuses, and various ordnance parts, used by the United States and the Allies, were arrested by Captain George Busbee of the Bomb and Neutrality Squad yesterday and, after questioning at police headquarters, were turned over to the Federal authorities. The men gave their names as Gustave L. Lindquist, a native-born American of Swedish descent; Leo Burt, also an American, and Ernest Frank, whose right name is said to be Strohmeier, who admits that he is an enemy subject.

The charge on which Captain Busbee took the men into custody is violating that section of the new espionage law which forbids not only aliens, but also all other persons, from having in their possession the plans of ordnance, airplanes, motors, and other machines and materials of war used by this country or its Allies. In the present case the police found a trunk which was full of plans and blue prints, which, in the event of their transmission to Germany, would certainly be of the greatest value to the enemy.

The first arrest, that of Lindquist, who appears to be the leader of the band, was made late Monday night by Detectives Murphy, Jenkins, and Covell of Captain Busbee's staff. The prisoner, who is also known by the name of G. Lindley Colby, was caught at Broadway and Ninety-eighth Street, and hurried to police headquarters where he was questioned for most of the night by Captain Busbee and his aids. The prisoner at first refused to answer questions, and it was not until he was informed that the authorities had seized his trunk and that in it they had found the plans and blueprints disclosing war secrets of the United States and the Allies that he made imporant admissions. The trunk had been shipped to New York from Worcester, Mass., and the blue prints and plans proved to have been taken from the files of the Remington Arms Company of Bridgeport, Conn.; the Curtiss Airplane Works of New York; the Cidallac Motor Company of Detroit; the New England Westinghouse Company; the Simplex Motor Company of New Brunswick; the Calyton and Lambert Company; the New York Aero Marine Plane and Motor Company; the Wohl Manufacturing Company of Roselle, N. J., and various other munition concerns of equal importance in other parts of the country.

While Lindquist was being examined Burt and Franz Strohmeier were brought in. It was soon ascertained that Strohmeier was an unregistered enemy alien. The police found an automatic pistol on him.

It was several weeks ago that the Government notified Captain Busbee that plants and blueprints in factories engaged in the manufacture of war materials were mysteriously disappearing from the files of these concerns, and that men responsible for thefts were believed to be in New York. Captain Busbee assigned Murply, Jenkins, and Covell to the case and told them to devote their entire time to it and not to stop until they had the men. The arrests Monday night were the first in the case, but others will probably follow.

AMERICAN ROSE WINS PRIZE

The Californian Takes First Honors In Paris Competition

Paris, June 18.—To the Californian rose has been awarded the gold medal, the grand prix of the French rose world. The annual rose competition took place Sunday as usual in the City of Paris rose gardens at Bagatelle, a little chateau in the Bois de Boulogne which formerly belonged to Sir Richard Wallace, by whom it was bequeathed to the city he loved so well.

In spite of Gotha raids, bombardment by the Big Berthas, and the battle raging less than fifty miles away, the judging was witnessed by 35,000 persons. No better reply could be given to the fantastic statements of German papers, which assert that Paris has been deserted by its inhabitants in panic-stricken flight.

The Bagatelle rose competition is open to all growers of the allied countries, and the medal is awarded for the best new rose of the year. Sunday's winner, which is produced near Los Angeles, was developed from Lion rose and one bearing the name of a well-known actress of the Comedie Francaise, Mme. Segond Weber.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	29	— Hongkong	Andre Lebon		
July	24	— Japan	Amagasaki Maru	Jap.	
June	25	— Hongkong	Antilochus		
June	11	— Manila	Bussie Dollar		
June	15	—	Capto		
June	15	— Japan	Chiyodo Maru	Jap.	
July	10	— Hankow	Changwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July	17	— Japan	Chicago Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
July	23	— Ningpo	Chinchong	Chi.	San Peh S.N.
July	29	— Japan	Chikuzen Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	12	—	Fukuken Maru	Jap.	
July	24	— Japan	Futami Maru	Jap.	
July	8	— Japan	Harold Dollar	Br.	
July	18	— Tsingtao	Hakushin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July	25	— Antung	Isshin Maru	Jap.	
June	25	—	Iosco		
June	10	—	Jun Maru	Jap.	
July	25	— Japan	Javary		
July	29	— Hankow	Kweilee		
June	15	—	Kaio Maru	Jap.	
July	11	— N. S. Island	Kurama Maru	Jap.	
June	26	— Chinwangtao	Koyo Maru	Jap.	
June	28	— Japan	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	
July	29	— Swatow	Loksang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July	29	— Hankow	Meian		
July	29	— Hankow	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
July	29	— Hankow	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
July	26	— Hongkong	Parthas		
June	15	—	Shyoei Maru	Jap.	
July	15	— Hongkong	Sado Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	12	— Japan	Taki Maru	Jap.	
July	29	— Hankow	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July	29	— Tsingtao	Toko Maru	Jap.	
July	29	— Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	23	— Japan	Tenun Maru	Jap.	
June	27	— Hongkon	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
July	4	— Singapore	Vondel		
June	11	— Chinwangtao	Yelko Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai

Arrivals

Arrived		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	30	— Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	30	— Japan	Kanju Maru	Jap.	
July	30	— Japan	Suma Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	30	— Japan	Nichibei Maru	Jap.	
July	30	— Chefoo	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	30	— Hankow	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July	30	— Hankow	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July	30	—	Taisang	Br.	J.M. & Co.

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	30	— N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	30	— Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	30	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sungkiang	Br.	B. & S.
July	30	3.00 W'wei, Chefoo, T'sin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
July	30	3.30 Tsingtau, Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July	30	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	30	— Tsingtao	Yekshin Maru	Jap.	D.K.K.
July	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July	30	M.N. Hankow etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
July	30	— Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen Maru for Japan:—Mr. K. Tamaki, Mr. C. Emberger, Mrs. K. Hooley and child, Mrs. R. J. Cain and 2 children, Mrs. C. Emberger, Miss. Clough, Mr. E. F. Thorpe and 2 children, Mrs. and Miss Fergusson, Mrs. Audigier, Mrs. Y. Itani, Mrs. G. S. Talboys and 2 infants, Messrs. S. Tamaki, Ikeda, E. Itania, H. Yoneda, Talboys, T. Omoya, Andigier, Yu, T. Sakata, M. Noguchi, M. Yoshimura and S. Hirano, Mrs. A. Tsuji, Mrs. S. Nimura and Mrs. O.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Taegami Maru for Japan:—Mr. J. B. Gill, Mr. A. S. Murch, Mr. D. Brown, Miss F. E. Boss, Miss. E. L. Redo, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brooks, Messrs. Marks, H. Brownlie, W. S. Campbell, Linnestald and T. M. Gabbay, Mrs. M. Imamura, Miss Neubery, Miss G. R. Remie, Messrs. E. F. Mees, H. Abrahams, P. A. Grafton, J. E. Wilson, H. J. Schmidt, C. Butcher, A. P. Simoes and C. P. Simoes, Mrs. N. Kajihara, Mrs. T. Imaue, Mrs. T. Uesugi, Mrs. A. P. Simoes, Messrs. C. Hara, R. Ishio and C. Miyazaki.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
- Hirano Maru .....June 25
- Tamba Maru .....July 5
- Kamakura Maru .....July 8
- Mishima Maru .....July 27

For San Francisco
- Colombia .....June 22
- China .....June 24
- Tenyo Maru .....June 27
- Vondel .....July 4
- Rindjani .....July 16
- Shinyo Maru .....July 19
- Venezuela .....July 20

For Seattle
- Kashima Maru .....June 30
- Katori Maru .....July 29

For Tacoma:
- Arabia Maru .....June 12
- Africa Maru .....une 17

For Vancouver
- Empress of Japan.....July 20

For Marseilles
- Saigon Maru .....July 1
- Shokwa Maru ..... July 16

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tofoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hawhtah left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Chefoo for Tientsin on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah left Newchwang for Chinwangtao on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Tientsin for Chinwangtao on Monday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai tomorrow.

THAT TIRED FEELING

these mornings is most likely due to "liver." The remedy is

PINKETTES

the little laxatives which aid digestion, cure Constipation, 'liverishness,' dizziness, bilious headaches, foul smelling breath.

Of all chemists, and post free, 60 cents the phial, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

The str. Kabafuto left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru (Osaka-Shanghai Line), with mails, left Moji for Shanghai on Monday, and may be expected to arrive at C.M. Lower Wharf about 6 o'clock this evening.

The T.K.K. Pacific Liner Korea Maru will leave Nagasaki for Shanghai tomorrow, and may be expected to arrive at Woosung on Friday, Aug. 2. She will be despatched for Hongkong on the following day, and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kianghain from River Ports:—Rev. Noury, Messrs. Eisenhart, Ruegy, S. K. Lee, Sun and Kee and Miss Lew.

Per C.N. s.s. Tungchow from Tientsin, etc.:—Messrs. H. Seninis, H. Bailey, C. Hartwell, Burrows and Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Roberts, Misses Furness, J. and L. Morpey and Master Morpey.

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Patton's Oriental Varnish Stain

You'll find a dozen uses for it without half looking. Shabby chairs, badly scratched chiffoniers, marred tables—may easily be made new-looking again!

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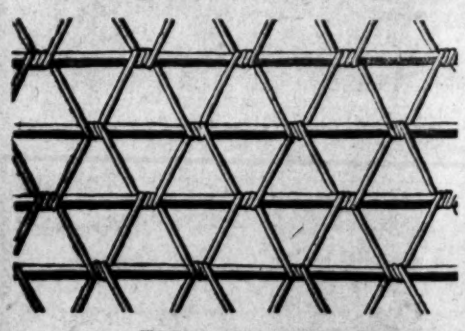
The Ideal Reinforcement for Roof and Floor Slabs, Culverts, Sewers, Pavements, etc.



New stocks of Black

Triangle Mesh in Rolls

150 feet long, have arrived

8 Different Styles

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CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 1330 — 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2038	838	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1960	1020
2345	1113	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1934	1700	730
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1655	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep	1924	1645	700
1910	530	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep	200	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1615
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1655	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1641	1541
1138	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	939
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	640
7.	‡	—	220	‡	—	‡	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1832
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	377	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—		dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1818	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2338	810
9.	‡	—	420	‡	—	‡	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2017
1156	838	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1647	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	ded. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1430	. .
2300	1432	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	630
700	2130	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	758	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line			
930	1330	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1052	1455	2252	a. Tsiningchow d.	522	1125	1858	628	1219	1905	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

s — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. S — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	*17.15	23.00
SOOCHOW dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.20	1.06
WUSIH dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG dep.	8.06	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..
CHINKIANG. dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.06
NANKING arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.50	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50
PUKOW dep.	..	15.30	Sleeping Car	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU dep.	..	8.18		..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	16.2		..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep	..	16.15		..	..	..	..	..
PEKING arr.	..	19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35	Sleeping Car	..
TIENTSIN CENTRAL arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
	dep.	..	..	..	..	12.00		..
TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.55		..
NANKING dep.	..	..	7.30	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.35	23.00
CHINKIANG dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.06	18.16	1.08
TANYANG dep.	..	..	9.56	10.50	14.12	16.41	19.02	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	7.00	..	10.54	12.18	15.08	17.29	20.20	3.00
WUSIH dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	12.56	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW dep.	9.36	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.31	..	5.15
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.50	..	7.50

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.50	18.10	19.55	21.30	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.10	7.50	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.20	17.20	19.10	20.40
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.37	11.17	13.42	15.07	17.17	18.37	20.2[illegible]	21.57	KIANGWAN dep.	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.50
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	7.35	8.45	11.35	13.50	15.15	17.35	18.45	20.20	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.20

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghua Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghua Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.17*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16 07	17.42	....
Kashi dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12 30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Tekrah dep.	8.45	11 05	13 15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14 00	16.50	....	18 24	....	....
Hangchow dep	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.20
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.00
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.20
Tekrah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.20
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Songkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghua Junction dep.		*8.18*	*10.33*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*
Shanghai South arr.		*8.35*	*10.50*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*
Lunghua Junction dep.	....		10 39	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20
Siccawei dep.	....		10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.28
Jessfield dep.	....		10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36
Shanghai North arr.	....		11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU — KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. — ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6 50	8 25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....	
Kenshangmun..	dep.	7 10	8 50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12 45	14.55	17.50	19.15	
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9 15	11.52	14.24	16 30	19.00	Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27	
Zahkou.....	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	...	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40	

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, July 30, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Telephones Tls. 81.50
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 16.25
Yangtszepoo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 9.00

Unofficial
Shanghai Docks Tls. 128.00 Oct.
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 17.00 Dec.
Chemors Tls. 1.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, July 30, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial
Kungyiks @ Tls. 16.00 cash
Telephones @ Tls. 81.50 cash

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Every Bedroom with private Bath & Toilet.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL

73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 30, 1918.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.
@ 4/9½ = Tls. 4.19
@ exch. 72.4 = Mex. $5.79

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 113⅜ = Tls. 87.91
@ 72.4 = Mex. $121.42

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 72.0375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 281
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1813
Native Interest ..... .11

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	48 11/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market Rate of Discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.
Ex. Paris on London ....Fr. 27.52
Ex. N. Y. on London ...T.T. $4.76⅛
Bonsols ..... £ —

Exchange Opening Quotations

London	T.T. 4/9⅛
London	Demand 4/9⅛
India	T.T. 318
Paris	T.T. 651½
Paris	Demand 654½
New York	T.T. 113⅛
New York	Demand 113⅜
Hongkong	T.T. 70
Japan	T.T. 46½
Batavia	T.T. 217

Banks Buying Rates

London	4 m/s. Cdts. 4/11⅛d.
London	4 m/s. Docy. 4/11⅛d.
London	6 m/s. Cdts. 4/11⅛d.
London	6/ms. Docy. 5/5d.
Paris	4 m/s. 676½
New York	4 m/s. 117½

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JULY.

Tls.	8.81 @ 4/8½	£1
"	1 @ 643	Francs 7.16
"	0.30 @ 111⅜	Gold $1
"	1 @ 47½	Yen 2.36
"	1 @ 15	Rupees 3.94
"	1 @ —	Roubles —
"	1 @ 1.58	Mex. $1.50

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, July 27.—Today's metal prices were:

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b.	122	5	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.	137	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. nett	29	0	0
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1s. extra in flask)	Nominal		
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%)	Nominal		
Standard Tin (cash)	379	10	0
Spelter (ordy soft) f.o.b.	52	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge f.o.b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 months)	370	10	0

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, July 27.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:

Consols 2½% for account £56⅜
Cheques on London at Paris..... Fr. 27.16½
T.T. on London at New York ..... G.$4.76½
Bar Silver (spot) ..... 48 3/16d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount 5%
Market Rate of Discount 3½%
Cotton; Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakellaridies .....29.98d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal ..... 15.71d.
Cotton; Good Middling Americans ..... 21.26d.
Plantation Rubber August ..... 2s. 1⅛d. Paid.
Hornsbys 8½ lb. Shirtings....30s. 0d.
Calverts 10 lb. Shirtings. Unquoted
Taylors 40s. Yarn. "

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, July 26.—Today's silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 48⅛d.
Government demand still large. Steady.

London, July 25:
Bar Silver Spot: 48⅛d. Steady.
London, July 24:
Bar Silver Spot: 48⅛d. Steady.
London, July 23:
Bar Silver Spot: 48⅛d. Steady.
London, July 22:
Bar Silver Spot: 48⅛d. Steady.

BANK OF ENGLAND

Reuter's Service

London, July 25.—According to the latest returns, The Bank of England rate of discounts was 5 percent. The proportion of reserve to liabilities is 17 percent.

LONDON COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, July 25.—Today's cotton prices were:

Good Middling Americans .... 21.30d.
July ..... 21.12d.
August ..... 18.99d.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, July 25.—Today's rubber prices were:

Spot: 2s. 2d. Paid.
October to December: 2s. 3d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Dull.
London, July 24:
Plantation First Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 2d. Value.
October to December: 23d½d. Sellers.
Tendency of Market: Dull.
Previous Quotation, London, July 26:
Spot: 2s¾d. Paid.
October to December: 2s. 3d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Dull.
London, July 23:
Spot: 2s. 2¼d. Sellers.
October to December: 2s. 3½d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Easy tendency.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

Per N.Y.K. s.s. T'shima M. Aug. 2
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. Aug. 5
For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per C.P.R. s.s. Monteagle Aug. 3

MAILS DUE.

From U. S. and Canada:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Aug. 2

Siccawei Weather Reports

29.—The high pressures of Japan and of the Western Pacific increase in intensity and invade the N.E. of China. On the other hand low pressures with fine weather and intense heat prevail in Central and Southern China, with the result of very hard monsoon on our coasts.

30.—The barometers read still very high in our regions. Hard monsoon with intermittent squalls. Fine hot weather.

Tuesday, July 30, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	2 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	753.81	754.81
Bar. at Centg., inches.	29.68	29.72
Varation for mm 24h	†4.04	†3.85
Variation for mm 12h	†3.04	†1.47
Wind—Direction	S	SSE
Wind—Kilom per hour	10	5
Wind—Miles	6.2	3.1
Temperature—Cen ...	24°3	30°5
Temperature—Fah ...	75.8	86.9
Humidity co:	96	70
Nebulosity 5-10	0	1
Rainfall inches	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

PARIS BIRD CHARMER DIES

Henri Pol, Whose Skill Attracted Many, Expires At Advanced Age

Paris, June 15.—Thousands of Americans will learn with regret that Henri Pol, the famous old bird charmer of the Tulleries Gardens, is dead.

Every afternoon for the last forty years this veteran pensioned postal official has attracted large crowds of visitors by his wonderful method of calling to himself the sparrows who make the gardens their haunt, feeding them from his hand. Many birds instantly replied to the names he had given them and circled around his head or perched on his shoulder at his order. Children regarded Pol as a veritable wizard and many grown-ups shared the belief.

The old charmer, who was well over 80, died yesterday at the home for pensioners at Auteuil, where he had lived in bachelor comfort for many years. His funeral will be held tomorrow.

Provision Prices in Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market as compiled on July 23, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-30
Mutton	"	16-30
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	18-20
Pomfret	"	16-18
Salmon	"	18-20
Small	"	none
Soles	"	14-16
Whitebait	"	15-18
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	"	40-70
Eggs	per doz.	15-17
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-$1.00
Hare	"	none
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	none
Pigeons	"	15-16
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	none
Snipe	"	none
Turkey	per lb.	30-35
Teal	each	none
Wild Duck	"	none
Wild Pigeons	"	none
Woodcock	"	none
Wild Geese	"	none
Fruit		
Appricots	per lb.	15-16
Apples	"	8-12
Bananas	"	6-7
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-18
Chestnuts	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	10-12
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongosteens	per doz.	40-50
Melons	each	2-3
Oranges	per lb.	none
Peaches	"	8-10
Pear	per lb.	6-8
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	8-12
Pumeloes	"	12-15
Pineapples	"	8-10
Strawberries	"	none
Walnuts	"	10-12
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	5-6
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
French Beans	per lb.	4-5
Broad Beans	"	6-8
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	4-5
Carrets	"	2-3
Cauliflower	"	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	3-4
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Potatoes	per pic.	$1.20-1.40
Peas	per lb.	none
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	3-4
Turnips	per bunch	none
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$5.50
Flour Australian	"	$4.30
Flour Shanghai	"	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.65
Bran	"	$2.85
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.50
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 21.75
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

F. J. W. Melville,
Chief Inspector.

Amusements

Olympic Theatre

PROGRAMME
For July 31st & August 1st
SHOWING
"Redeeming Love"

Gaumont Graphic

"Just Kids"
COMEDY

"Farmer Alfalfa's Prune Plantation"
CARTOON COMEDY

SEE at the
Victoria Theatre
On July 31st and Aut. 1st

Maurice and Florence Walton
in
"The Quest of Life"
In Four Parts

Gaumont Graphic

"Bobby Bumps at the Circus"
Cartoon Comedy

"She Took a Chance"
Comedy

ISIS THEATRE

Tonight — Tonight
"The Secret Kingdom"
Superb Romantic Serial
Showing Tonight
Episodes 3 and 4 in 4 Parts entitled
"THE SEALED PACKET"
"THE HONORABLE MR. OXENHAM"
Showing also
"ADVENTURES OF FLORENCE"
Very interesting Comedy-Drama in 2 Parts

"FATTY'S CHANCE ACQUAINTANCE"
Screaming Keystone Comedy.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

TONIGHT, JULY 31st

M. LEON BERNARD — A gem from the
M. LEON BERNARD — studio of Pathe

IN

"WHEN THE LEAVES ARE FALLING"
"WHEN THE LEAVES ARE FALLING"
Adapted from the novel by Jules Mary and staged by M. Denola

A PHOTO-DRAMA OF REAL MERIT

Pathe's British Gazette. Transporting Wood by Water
Pathe's British Gazette. Transporting Wood by Water
The weekly illustrated. An instructive picture.

LUKE — Shatterer of Sorrows — PLUMBER
LUKE — PLUMBER

Real genuine humour, clean and full of laughs.
He is the biggest fun creator in the world today.

ST. GEORGE'S CINEMA
BUBBLING WELL

For
TONIGHT, 31ST JULY

The International Vaudeville Company
7 Star Artistes 7
We shall also screen
"REGGIE MIXES IN"
Featuring
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
The story of a New York society man who became a bouncer in an East Side Gin mill.
A Delightful Open Air Show

Bright Lights! — Follow the Crowds to **"The Eldorado"** — *Bright Music!*

"The Home of Refined Dancing!"

Our First-class Entertainers!

Aldo-Pini Comical Duo

The Williamson Troupe

Change of Programme
TONIGHT

First-Class Floor! — Prof. MARTINEZ Orchestra "EVERYTHING No. 1" — *First-Class Service!*

ST. GEORGE'S CINEMA ☛ **At the Bubbling Well**

"Fun enough to stop the trams running" — Thursday, August 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th — "You'll hear them laughing at the Bund on Thursday"

ALL COMEDY PROGRAMME

CHARLEY CHAPLIN and LONESOME LUKE

In — The Assassin of Gloom — In — In — The Shatterer of Sorrow — In

THE CURE — Two Parts
THE KINK — Two Parts
LOVE LAUGHS AND LATHER — Two Parts

ADMISSION: ONE DOLLAR AND ONE DOLLAR-FIFTY

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital $1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman,
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
W. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited,
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtse	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
$34,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
T. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Akyab	Ipoh	Peking
Bangkok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtao
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	65,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co,
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowsk	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9 Ningpo Road.

Capital	$541,000.00
Reserve Fund	$11,000.00
Deposits (June 30, 1918)	$2,688,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address: "COMSAVBANK"
Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities, Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Savings Banks.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

K. P. Chen,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital ..	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	13,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,396,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,396,932.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tainan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York,

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMEURS,
Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880,)

Head Office: Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed .	Yen 45,000,000
Capital Paid-up ...	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 23,100,000

London Bankers:
The London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	London	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	Los Angeles	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dairy	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) .....H.	$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .....H.	$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.	$ 40,000

Head Office
No. 5 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Gen. Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits	U.S. $1,348,000.00
	U.S. $7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office,
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Santo Domingo
Calcutta	Manila	Santiago de los
Canton	Medellin	Caballeros
Cebu	Panama	Shanghai
Colon	Peking	Singapore
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Tientsin
Hongkong	San Pedro de	
Hankow	Macoris	Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Petrograd
Buenos Aires	Rio de Janeiro
Caracas,	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Habana	San Paulo
Moscow, Russia	Valparaiso
Montevideo	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND.
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherland Trading Society.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,467, (about £966,288)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. S. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	650,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.
26 The Bund
9733

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.
Paid-Up
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
N. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan

London, New York, San Francisco, seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. Kasahara,
Manager.

Telephones:—
2318 Manager. 4663 Compradore.
2350 Gen. Office. 4621 Nights only.
3536 General Office.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(formerly known as The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank, Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai.
14, Peking Road.
(Telephone Nos. 2613 and 2614.)

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
W. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

行 業 華 中
CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsingkianpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokyo, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
and also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3,441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager.
W. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.
Telephone No. 2618 General Office.
Telephone No. 1939 Manager's Office.

MITSUI BANK, LD

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up) ..... Yen 20,000,000.
Reserve ..... " 12,500,000.
Head Office: Tokyo, Japan.
President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui.

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Fukagawa (Tokyo), Osaka.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

C. Ichimura, Manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Amoy and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Peking and T'sin (Every day	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
T'sin (Daily except Sunday)		..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo		..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tungchow	9.00	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Friday, August 2.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Taisang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Monteagle	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan ports	Takeshima m.	18.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Saturday, August 3.							
Swatow	Tamsui	9.00	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong	Paoting	9.00	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Yhama, Canada, U.S. & Europe v. Vancouver	Monteagle	..	..	A17.00	..	..	15.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin		..	17.30	..	..	..	..
Hongkong, Singapore, Inda, and U. Kingdim via Suez		..	a13.00	..	..	..	13.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U. S. & Europe via Canada		..	20.30	..	..	..	17.00
Sunday, August 4.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shengking	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Monday, August 5.							
Amoy and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..

A Money orders until 3 p.m. and parcel post, 4 p.m. B Parcels close at 1 p.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 3 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian Post Office.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers on board O.S.K. s.s. Manila Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Friday, Aug. 2, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

Saturday, Aug. 3, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2.30 a.m.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination	Mails. Close a.m.	Daily. p.m.
Shanghai-Nanking Train		
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00	
Soochow, Wusih, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places	8.00	
	9.00	
Nanking all River Ports	11.30	
Soochow, Wuish, Changchow, Chinkiang.		
Soochow, Wusih and intermediate plac s		3.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and intermediate places		4.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinl iang, Nanking and all River Ports North China		9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Train		
Sinchwang, (and Szeking), Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan. (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping, (and Tangxi), and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30	
	8.00	
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, (& Tangxi), Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan, Huchow, Nanzin and (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping and Hangchow (also Shaohing and Siaoshan)		1.30
Sungkiang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places		3.30
Ningpo via Hangchow Linghu	11.00	
Minhang, Nankiao and Tukiahang	8.00	
	11.00	
Tatwan, Nanhwei, Fengsien and Sinchang	7.00	
	11.00	
Courier.		
Chowpu	6.30	
	11.00	
Foot Boat.		
Chwansha	6.45	
	11.00	
Cycle Rider		
Siccawei and Taipao	8.00	3.00
	10.00	4.00
		6.00
Kiangnan Arsenal	8.00	3.00
	11.00	4.00
Sundays only		1.30
Woung Train.	Close	Daily.
Woosung (also Paoshan and Kiangwan)	6.05	3.10
	7.00	5.00
	10.10	6.30
	11.45	
Steamer.		Daily.
		Sundays expected
Ningpo, Chinhai, Tinghai and Wenchow		3.30
Steam Launch.	Close a.m.	Daily. p.m.
Tsungming, Paochen, Haimenting and Miaochen	7.00	5.30
	11.00	
Chuking and Pinghu	8.30	

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 1	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Manila Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 2	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.
Aug. 10	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 15	—	Vancouver	Key West	Br.	C.P.R.
Aug. 16	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 17	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 19	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 20	—	Tacoma and Seattle	Altai Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Sep. 3	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sept. 8	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Sept. 9	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sept. 14	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M. S.S. Co
Sept. 14	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Sept. 16	—	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Sept. 19	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Oct. 5	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

July 31	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Chikuzen Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 2	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 6	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 6	—	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Aug. 9	—	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 7	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 10	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 14	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	Port Said	Esan Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	London, etc.	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	London etc.	Sado Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

July 31	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 31	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1	6.00*	Amoy, Hongkong & C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 3	10.00*	Hongkong & Canton	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 3	—	Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 3	10.00*	Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 3	4.30	Ningpo and Pootoo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4	11.00*	Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	D.L.	Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 14	—	Hongkong	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 17	—	Takao, F'chow & K'lung	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 19	—	Manila and H'kong	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 21	—	Manila & Singapore	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 24	—	Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 28	—	H'kong & Singapore	Mexico Maru	Jap.	O.S.K

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

July 31	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1	10.00*	Weihaiwei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 3	—	Tientsin and Dairen	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug. 3	—	Tsingtao	Noto Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 3	7.30*	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug. 4	10.00*	Weihaiwei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	—	Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Aug. 6	10.30*	Tsingtao and Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug. 6	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 10	D.L.	Antung	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 17	—	T'tsin, Dairen, Tsingtao	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

July 31	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
July 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
July 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S. Co.
July 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J.M. & Co.
Aug. 1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Aug. 2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Jap. N.K.K.
Aug. 3	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 31, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Siangyang Maru Capt. J. A. Scott will be despatched from C. M. Lower wharf on Wednesday, July 31 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The steamer Kweilee Capt. ——— will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenho tons 2868 Capt. Jackson, will leave on Thursday, August 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Tachang M. Capt. G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N. K. K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, August 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chungking, Capt. J. Meathrel, will leave on Friday, Aug. 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Suiwo tons 2571 Capt. Sellar, will leave on Friday, August 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Aug. 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tatung Capt. C. C. Williams will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 31, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Aug. 1, at 6 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Paoting, Capt. P. R. Puralow, will leave on Saturday, Aug. 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

POOTOO.—The Str. Kiangteen, Capt. Glen, will leave on Saturday, afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co. Return Fare $20.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tamsui Capt. J. S. Dewolf, will leave on Saturday, Aug. 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Korea Maru 18,000 tons. Capt. T. Ota will be despatched on Saturday, Aug. 3. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 3 p.m. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow Capt. R. J. Cain, will leave from the French Buad on Sunday, Aug. 4, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinkiang, Capt. H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Aug. 6, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Wenchow, Capt. A. McDowell, will leave on Saturday, Aug. 10 at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (Formosa) via FOO CHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. Kohoku Maru Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Yangtszepoo wharf on Aug. 17, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

MANILA and SINGAPORE.—The Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain S. Hagata, will be despatched on August 21, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG & SINGAPORE.—The Str. Mexico Maru Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched from he Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Aug. 28, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru Capt. Y. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Sept. 6, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Toonan, Capt. Taylor, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Captain Bennett will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, Aug. 1, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The Str. Kohoku Maru Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Aug. 3, at ———The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TSINGTAO.—The Str. Noto Maru Capt. K. Miya, will be despatched on Aug. 3. For Freight please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4. The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shengking Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, Aug. 4, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 6, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINTAO.—The Str. Keelung Maru Capt. S. Iami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on August 17, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front on the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please aply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Manila Maru Capt. N. Kobayashi, will be despatched Aug. 1. at daylight. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular to Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch Conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at 4 p.m. on the previous day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING KOBE, & YOKKAICHI.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Altai Maru Capt. ——— will be despatched on August 20. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U. S. A. For Freight, please apply to The O. S. K., No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on September 8. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain S. Nagata, will be despatched on September 19. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

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For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, &c. see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the Undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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"MANILA MARU" (18,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobayashi,	July 31,	Aug. 1
"ALTAI MARU" (18,000 tons)	Capt. ———	Aug. 17,	Aug 20
"AFRICA MARU" (18,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Sept. 7,	Sept. 8
"ARABIA MARU" (18,000 tons)	Capt. S. Nagata,	Sept. 18,	Sept. 19
For Hongkong			
"CANADA MARU" (12,000 tons)	Capt. Y. Yamamoto,	Sept. 5,	Sept. 6
For Manila and Singapore			
"ARABIA MARU" (18,000 tons)	Capt. S. Nagata,	Aug. 19,	Aug. 21
For Hongkong and Singapore			
"MEXICO MARU" (12,000 tons)	Capt. K. Komiya,	Aug. 27,	Aug. 28
CHINA COASTING LINE			
For Tsingtau			
"NOTO MARU"... (1,500 tons)	Capt. K. Miya,	Aug. 1,	Aug. 3
For Tientsin and Dairen			
"KOHOKU MARU" (2,610 tons)	Capt. S. Ohba,	Aug. 1,	Aug. 3
For Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen			
"KEELUNG MARU" (1,569 tons)	Capt. S. Imai,	Aug. 15,	Aug. 17
For Foochow, Keelung (Formosa) and Takao			
"KOHOKU MARU" (2,610 tons)	Capt. S. Ohba,	Aug. 15,	Aug. 17

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OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
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Empress of Japan	Sept. 14	Monteagle	Sept. 21
Monteagle	Oct. 5	Empress of Japan	Oct. 29
Empress of Japan	Nov. 9	Monteagle	Nov. 26

* Monteagle calls at Moji

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KOREA MARU	20,000 tons for San Francisco,	Aug. 16, 1918
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons for San Francisco,	Sept. 3, 1918
TENYO MARU	22,000 tons or San Francisco,	Sept. 9, 1918
SHINYO MARU	22,000 tons or San Francisco,	Oct. 5, 1918

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

KOREA MARU	20,000 tons for Hongkong,	Aug. 3, 1918
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons for Hongkong.	Aug. 14, 1918

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*S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST	15th
S.S. "CHINA"	SEPT.	7th

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "CHINA"	AUGUST	21st
S.S. "NANKING"	OCT.	6th

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CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773
*S.S. "NANKING" Does not call at Nagasaki

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
DW	Aug 18	Hankow	D de Lagree	Fr g-b				
	June		Gust	Br g-b				
D	June 1	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b	190			McFeatr
TW	Oct. 27	Yiize	Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
OD	May 28	Cruise	Palos	Am g-b	190	2	46	H. Delano
	Aug 11	Cruise	Teal	Br g-b				
BD	May 15	Cruise	Tyne	Rep g-b				
YTPDW	May 10	Cruise	Woodlark	Br g-b	180	8	36	

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SADO MARU	12,500	———	

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SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 19
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Sept. 16

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Aug. 6
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Soida,	Aug. 9
TATEGAMI MARU	4,500	Capt. N. Tsuruhashi,	Aug. 16

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. A. Nakamata,	Aug. 2
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Aug. 7
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Aug. 10
CHIKUZEN MARU	5,500	Capt. N. Nojiri,	Aug. 14

FOR JAPAN

INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Migo,	Aug. 14

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	Aug. 19

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	———	Sept. 3
KATORI MARU	19,000	———	Oct. 2

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	———	Aug. 19
SUWA MARU	21,000	———	Oct. 22

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TANGO MARU	14,000	———	Sept. 18
NIKKO MARU	10,000	———	Oct. 16

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Shanghai — Nanking — Tientsin / or Hankow — Peking — Tientsin —
Mukden — (Port Arthur — Dairen — Mukden) — Seoul —
Fusan — Shimonoseki — Nagasaki — Yokohama — Shanghai. Or vice versa.

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Large Display Advertisements

ntended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

SHOT WITH CRIMSON

Shot With Crimson. By George Barr McCutcheon. With illustrations by F. R. Gruber. New York: Dodd, Mead and Co. $1 (gold).

A party of merry friends was dining late at a smart country club on the Jersey side of the river when the explosion at the Reynolds Munition Works shook all New York City and the country for miles around. The country club was near the factory, though not near enough to be endangered by the explosion; of course the terrible happening makes talk of anything else impossible; every one at the club expresses horror, guesses that the explosion is the work of German agents, and cries out against such outrages. Yet there begins to grow in the reader's mind the slow suspicion that some members of that little group of friends know more about the explosion than they ought to know; and the suspicion speedily becomes certainty.

"Shot with Crimson" is not, however, merely a story of one explosion in one munition factory. It is a story of German machinations in the United States. It is a story of treachery, of clever scheming, of the careful, and, to a great extent, the successful, covering up of tracks. It is a story of the work of our own Secret Service, too, which foils the enemy's plots more than once. But—sometimes successful, sometimes defeated—the work of the enemy goes on. At the end of the story, though one German agent has been discovered and rendered powerless to do any more harm, the strongest one of them all, with a company of associates, is still going on with his work.

It goes without saying that "Shot with Crimson" is a thrillingly interesting story. It goes without saying, too, that it calls our attention in sufficiently plain words to the dangers of spies and enemy agents in time of war—here and everywhere. But it stresses, in its exciting fiction form, two points which are good for the public to remember and take to heart. One—which is merely referred to—is the simple fact that a man is not necessarily disloyal to America because he is of German birth and affiliations. The other is the equally simple, but by the general public often neglected, fact that when a man is a spy he does not advertise the fact that open sympathisers with Germany are not the people we have really to fear. The most interesting point emphasised in "Shot with Crimson" is not the existence of spies in this country; it is that the woman who is one of the ablest spies in the story is the head of a war relief society, the friend of men high up in Government office, a woman well known for her "patriotism," the wife of a man against whom no shadow of suspicion is or can ever be brought; the other German agents are equally in good standing. Here is no refusal to stand up when the National Anthem is played, no flaunting of the Kaiser's picture in the face of outraged Americans; here is secret, unscrupulous, clever work done for Germany against America.

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Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ...	$750 B.
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	R 225
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$340 B.
North China	Tls. 126 B.
Union of Canton ...	$760 B.
Yangtsze	$195
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd	Tls. 26 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$136 B.
Hongkong Fire	$325 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref ..	Tls. 140
Indo-China Def ..	
"Shell"	142s. 6d. B.
Shanghai Tug (o) .	Tls. 25 B.
Shanghai Tug (f) ..	Tls. 38 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10 B.
Oriental Cons	2/- 6d.
Philippine	9.86
Raub	$2.80
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$131 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 122 B.
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 22 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 72
Hongkong Wharf ..	$89 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 69½
China Land	50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 70 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd	$12 B.
China Realty (ord)	5s
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 40
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 172½ B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 118 B.
Oriental	Tls. 62½
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 147½
Kung Yik	Tls. 15.90
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8.90 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref ..	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$87 B.
Green Island	$7.10 B.
Langkats	Tls. 16 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 67½ B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13½ B.
Llewellyn	"
Lane, Crawford ...	$80
Moutrie	$.11
Watson	$5.30 B.
Weeks	$13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7¼ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.30 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7.10 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3¼ B.
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Batu Anam 1913 ..	Tls. 0.80 B.
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Chemor United	Tls. 0.92½ B
Chempedak	Tls. 7½ B.
Cheng	Tls. 1¾ B.
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Karan	Tls. 10 b.
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Tebong	Tls. 16
Ulobri	Tls. 2¼
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
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Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls. 50
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S'hai Waterworks....	Tls. 160¾

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Harbor Race Today

The Shanghai Yacht Club's fourth Harbor Race, second series will be a Class "A" race and members will meet on board the Foam at 5 p.m. to decide course and handicaps.

Peking Union Medical College

Premedical School

Announcements for the Academic Year 1918-19.

Curriculum: The Premedical School offers a three year course in the fundamental subjects which are prerequisite to the study of medicine The curriculum includes courses in mathematics, physics, chemistry biology, English, Chinese and German. The work in the second and third years is of the grade required in the first two years of the best American Universities Student who completes the work of the Premedical School satisfactorily will be admitted to the first year of the Medical Schol without examination

Medium of Instruction: All courses except those in Chinese language and literature are conducted in English.

Entrance Requirements: Admission to the Premedical School is by examination. To be eligible for the entrance examinations, a candidate must be a graduate of an approved Middle School, and must possess a good working knowledge of English, both oral and written.

Advanced Standing: Admission with advanced standing will be granted to candidates who present suitable credentials showing the completion of one or more years of work of collegiate grade and who pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects for which credit is desired.

Examinations: Examinations for entrance and for advanced standing will be held at Peking, Shanghai and Canton, June 18 to 22, and August 27 to 31, 1918.

Calendar: The first semester opens Tuesday, September 17, 1918, and closes January 31, 1919. The second semester opens February 11, 1919 and closes June 20, 1919.

The work of the Medical School will open in September, 1919.

Applications for admission to the entrance examinations and requests for further information should be addressed to

The Dean of the Premedical School
Peking Union Medical College,
Peking, China.

17597

Smiles from the Mixed Court

"This bird," mused the C.P.C. as he leaned over the paling around the Chinese Public Gardens and gazed upon the slumbering form of Wong Ah-nyi, "must have an awfully clear conscience."

Which goes to show that even a C.P.C. may be wrong upon occasion.

Wong was stretched out upon the ground—to a certain extent—and was sleeping with his whole soul, lungs and bass vocal cords. It was Wong's position that first attracted the policeman's attention. There was a sort of undulating, corkscrew wave to it. Underneath Wong's head was a brass pan, underneath his chest was another, and at a further interval a third. Over and between these supports his body bulged and sagged like a discouraged suspension bridge.

"Yes sir," murmured the C.P.C. enviously. "Anybody that can sleep so enthusiastically on a roost like that must be at peace with the whole world."

And he went in and stopped Wong in the middle of a soaring note to ask him the recipe. Thus just absolutely wrecking all the beautiful illusions he had been building up about the sleeper.

"I suppose," said he, amiably, "it is your placid, righteous everyday existence that enables you to come out at night and find refreshing repose while draped over an infrequent metallic mattress like this. By the way, where do you buy your brass bedding? If it's a cure for insomnia I might invest in a couple of pillows myself."

Wong chased the last vestige of slumber out of his optics with a shaking fist, took one rapid glance at the C.P.C.'s uniform and then proceeded to ruin all the latter's faith in human kind.

"Yes," said he. "I swiped the pans from a house in Tiendong Road."

The sequel, as written on the sheet in the Mixed Court, was brief but full of meaning. It merely read, "one month." But Wong will doubtless sleep as well on a plank as he did on the hardware.

Business As Usual

Detective Kwen Sung said he had arrested Zien Ah-sze because he recognised in him a veteran purloiner of wheelbarrows. The Court asked Zien how he had been behaving since his last visit and Zien said he had stolen a few wheelbarrows—not many, about four, in fact. And sure enough, after a few days investigation, four grieving individuals were located who recognised their property. Zien is spending one month in jail for each wheelbarrow.

Looking For A Short Cut

Coming out of an alleyway, Woo Ah-sung turned the corner and sped down the street at a rate of progress that excited the curiosity of C.P.C. 1143. At the next turning the latter overtook the hasty one and inquired the reason for all the smoke. He then observed that Woo held clasped close to his chest a brand new pair of silk Cantonese trousers. About this time a collection of anguished shouts became audible, coming from the direction of the alleyway alluded to before. Investigation disclosed an irate gentlemen leaning from an upstairs window and refusing to come outside, shouting for his clothes.

In Court Woo, without cracking a smile, told the Assessor and Magistrate that he was passing the irate gentleman's place when the pants fell from the balcony and he was going to take them back to their owner when he was arrested. But he got confused in explaining why he was going all the way round the block to do it and the Court solved the problem by giving him two months.

Unclaimed Telegrams

Eastern Extension Telegraph Co.

June 18.—Lungyu, 176 North Szechuen, Penang.
June 21.—Wongpokeng, Young Men Christian Assn. H'kong.
June 25.—Danitsu Sasum, Dairen.
June 27.—Shuikan Dosai, Medical School Wosung, Takow
June 30.—Gates, Manchester.
July 2.—Floris Vanleer, Astor House, New York.
July 2.—Sangkee, Neepardo, Shameen.
July 3.—Nakaiyoko, Dairen.
July 5.—Hwahliner, Newport News Va.
July 6.—Mooyungking, 9 Old Chungttoing Road, Montreux.
July 6.—Dootsuncho, San Francisco.
July 7.—Page Patrick, care English Consulate, Haiphong.
July 7.—Kremer Customs, Bordeaux.
July 8.—Marseilles, New York.
July 13.—South China Trading, New York.
July 14.—Yatyuensah, Hongkong.
July 14.—Cantrell, Sydney.
July 17.—L. Covernier Consulat France, Preenpail.
July 19.—Ricou Passenger Shinyo Maru, Macao.
July 20.—Brachman Str. Monteagle, Philadelphia.
July 22.—Rosera, New York.
July 23.—Cressarty, New York.
July 28.—Hwahliner, Havre.

United States Tires Are Good Tires

THE VERITAS INSURANCE CO., LTD.
OF BATAVIA
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Policies issued at lowest current rates. Claims paid on the spot.
THE KLAUBER TRADING CORPORATION
AGENTS
TEL. CENTRAL 2503. 8-B PEKING ROAD.

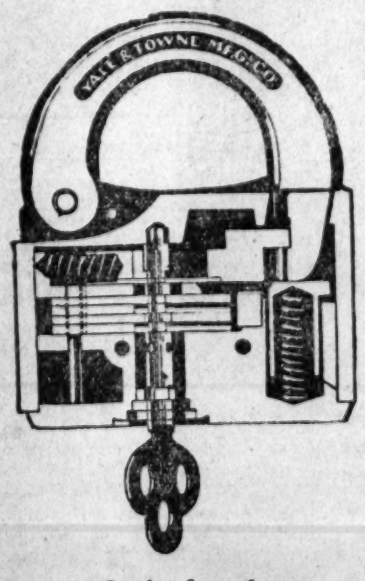
We Have Just Received a Shipment of
AMERICAN EUREKA COOL-CLOTH
in Wool and Linen Bodies.
This is the ideal cloth for your summer suits. All patterns and color in stock. The first to reach Shanghai. You will like it.
See Our amples and Order Now !
HENRY THE TAILOR
14 J Seward Road

The Reason

For Yale Security

Not what you see but what is concealed within the case differentiates the Yale lock from other kinds.

The hidden mechanism, as near perfect as skill and experience can make it, is adjusted to just one key—every tumbler is arranged to accommodate one key and no other.



In this mechanism is strength—Strength to resist an attack of force when wires and false keys have failed. In this strength and perfect workmanship is your security; the security you buy when you insist on Yale products.

Look for the YALE *Trade Mark*

MUSTARD & CO.
Sole Agents
22 Museum Road Shanghai

Business and Official Notices

Notice To Mariners, No. 664.

China Sea.

Kiungchow District.

Hainan Strait- Hainan Head.

Hainan Reef Buoy discontinued — Beacon established.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Hainan Reef Buoy, which hitherto marked the reef extending to the northward from Hainan Head, Hainan Island, has been permanently discontinued and that a Beacon has been established in its stead.

The beacon, which is a concrete structure 10 feet in breadth and 6 feet in height, surmounted by a Black steel cylinder 8 feet high and 2 feet in diameter, is located on the northern extremity of Hainan Reef. From the beacon the summit of Hainan Bluff bears S. 42° W., magnetic, distant 1.19 miles.

The beacon, which is to be known as the Hainan Reef Beacon, shows 12 feet above high water of spring tides.

CAUTION:—Vessels should not approach the Beacon closer than 2½ cables owing to the existence of several outlying rocky patches.

A plan of Hainan Head showing the position of the Hainan Reef Beacon is attached hereto. (See this Notice as published in sheet form.)

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,

T. J. Eldridge,
Acting Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 30th July, 1918.

NOTICE

Notice is given to the public that our Poo Chi Charitable Institution was founded during the 1st year of the Chinese Republic, for the purpose of supplying its poorest members with the services of physicians and medicine.

Our institution is well known to the public owing to the work done during the past seven years.

I, Loh Wen-tsong, in the capacity of acting-president of the said charitable institution, and also as the elder of the Liang Yi Association formed for providing coffins to poor people who have no money or family to bury them at their death.

Though my ability is very poor and limited, I still try to do my best in the way of charitable work for the public as much as I can in order to provide coffins for the poor without family.

I have been to Mr. J. Em. Lemiere's office, 34 Nanking Road, and through his interpreter, Mr. Y. Johnson Yih, asked him to give his services as legal adviser free to the said charitable institution.

Mr. J. Em. Lemiere accepted my proposition showing his good will and estimation towards our institution as well as to the public.

Wherefore, I, Loh Wen Tsong, together with the members of the Poo Chi Charitable Institution thank Mr. J. Em. Lemiere.

I also beg to call the public's attention to this charitable concern and I will be grateful for any subscriptions to aid us to obtain our aim.

Notified by
Loh Wen Tsong.
The president and elder of the
Poo Chi Charitable Institution and Lieng Yi Association
respectively.

901-2 Kwakee Road, Shanghai, China.
18850

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

Finest Egyptian Cigarettes

from

FIORAVANTI & CHIMENZ

Port Said

	per 100
Sultan (Large gold tipped)	$3.50
Sultan (Cork medium size)	$3.00
Non Plus Ultra (Large plain)	$3.00
Non Plus Ultra (Gold small)	$2.00
Extra Fine (Plain medium size)	$1.75
Naturel (Plain medium size)	$1.50
Samsoun (Plain medium size)	$1.50
Fatma (Small for ladies)	$1.00

Samples upon application to

The Italian Trading Company
4B-Peking Road. Tel. C. 2737.
18857

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration

Notification No. 281.

INVITATION OF TENDERS (090/6).

Tenders which will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 24th day of September, 1918, are hereby invited for the supply of 258 pieces of Locomotive tyres. Tender forms attached with drawings and full particulars may be obtained on payment of a sum of $5.00 per set.

(Sd.) S. C. SHU,
Managing Director.

Tientsin, 25th July, 1918.
18847

Shantung District

POSTAL NOTIFICATION.

Reinforced concrete work connected with the building of the new Post Office at Tsinan.

ALTERATION OF DATE.

The date for submitting tenders for the above work which had originally been fixed for the 28th July, is hereby extended to the 15th August.

E. TOLLEFSEN,
Postal Commissioner
for Shantung.

Chinese Post Office,
Tsinan, 26th July, 1918.
18834

NOTICE

We have been established in the wholesole bean and paint oil business for many years at Nantao, Shanghai, and, since last year, we have undertaken contract business with the foreign merchants.

We hereby declare, in both Chinese and foreign newspapers, the discontinuation of contract business henceforth, with foreign merchants, for the reason that it has no profit for us.

In future, if any person or persons, in our name, contracts such business privately with the foreign merchant or uses false seals for the acceptance of payments, including bills, the undersigned will take no responsibilities for any case.

The Pao Chen, Yue Kee.
寶愼甬記
Shanghai, July 28, 1918.
18844

Dr. James Yuking

Men's Diseases only
Hours: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Y.282 North Szechuen Road
Special rates to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. North 2961.

Dr. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine, Children's Diseases.

Dr. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases, Confinements, Surgery, Skin Diseases, Venereal Diseases.

—BILL SMITH—

It may be that there are products superior to Elephant Head French Peppermint, but they are not to be procured on this market.

ASK BILL!

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants, Building Contractors— Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 Broadway, Shanghai.

Alcohol Fans, Spring Hinges and Green Wire Cloth.
17997

Work is the inevitable condition of human welfare.

EXPERTS IN SKINS AND BRISTLES.

Terms—Cash in advance.
You pay for samples and telegrams.

We quote cif Shanghai prices.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.
Born 1915—Still Existing.

SPECIALIST

(can speak English well)
For
Venereal and Surgical Disease.
Man and Woman's Disease.
Skin disease and rheumatism, Test of blood,
Inject all kind of vaccine, Serum and 606 (1914), Charge moderate.
Japanese Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
21 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road)
Tel. North 2279. 17846

10 ROOMS to let on second floor of 113-15 Avenue Edouard VII for offices or living quarters. Apply Manager, the Oriental Press.
18598

Books On China

Magazines, Novels and Law Books, etc.
CHEAP SALE
For One Week Only
in 111 Szechuen Road
18820

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2530.

MOTOR AMBULANCE.

A MOTOR ambulance is available for the transport of cases to the Foreign Hospitals at a charge of $2, including service of trained Chinese attendant. Where a nurse is required an additional charge of $2 is made. This ambulance, which is not available for the transport of infectious cases, may be called up on Telephone Central 366 or 150 at any hour of the day or night.

For the transport of infectious cases to the Isolation Hospitals, ambulances are provided free of charge on application to the Matron (Foreign Isolation Hospital, Telephone North 3038; Chinese, Telephone North 3041).

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, July 18, 1918.
18766

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(Zung Lee & Sons, Established 1895)
Stocks of
Metals, Hardware and Sundries.
Contractors to
GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.

UNDERWOODS

IN STANDARD AND LONG CARRIAGES

Models 3 and 5, with two-colored ribbon, back-spacer and all latest attachments—Complete.

FULLY GUARANTEED

to give you satisfaction and sold to you on no other basis. Our high-grade Machines are new in every wearable part except the frame. It is a saving of from 30 to 40% to buy our high-grade Machines covered by our guarantee.

Phone 4778 THE OFFICE APPLIANCE Co Phone 4778
4 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Prest-O-Lite Battery

offers the most for the money—more power to operate your starter and lights—more service to insure your complete satisfaction in its use.

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS
No. 90-BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 1529

TURKISH BATH

and Massage establishment, fat people reduce and benefit your health. We also cure rheumatism, nervousness, sciatica, gout, limbogo, neuralgia and alcoholic and necotin poison.
15 years' experience in U.S.A.
Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 25 North Szechuen Road.

THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers and Exporters of Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, Etc.
Big Stock
of
FILET LACES
for
WHOLESALE

GODOWNS WANTED

GODOWNS WANTED for the storage of raw cotton. Please state location, construction and capacity of godowns, terms, rent, etc. Apply in writing to Heng Foong Cotton Mfg. Co., Yangtszepoo.
18818 A.3.

AMERICAN APPLE CIDER

APPLE CIDER
APPLE CIDER
SWEET
PURE
&
WHOLESOME

For Sale by All Clubs, Hotels and Stores,
Connell Bros. Company, Agents, Shanghai and Hongkong.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

SUITES of office and godowns to let, in the CHINA PRESS Building and 17 Museum Road. Apply at THE CHINA PRESS or 10, Yangtszepoo Road.
18854 A. 4.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED good home for two cats, for several months. Apply to Box 174, THE CHINA PRESS state terms.
18849 A. 1.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 482.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens

To let first floor furnished room with bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two batchelors. Also one attic room. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

Oriental House
31 Boone Road
Two front large rooms, and one back, with bath attached also a small room, facing garden, hot water, moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress.
Telephone North 1102.
18823

TO LET, small well-furnished rooms, with board. Good table kept. Suit bachelors. Apply 6 Quinsan Gardens.
18828 J.31.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 9 Tsongchow Road, adjoining Burlington Hotel, 6 roomed residence. Rent, Taels 60. Apply premises for inspection. J. T. Hammond, 38 Nanking Road.
18815

TO LET: No. 6 Wayside Road [illegible] good rooms near Wayside trams. Rent Tls. 60. Apply premises for inspection; further particulars Hammond, No. 38 Nanking Road.
18574

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED a small cool room, down Yangtszepo or Wayside for the summer. Apply to Box No. 177, THE CHINA PRESS.
18852 A. 1.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, 5-6 roomed house or flat, furnished or unfurnished, from the 1st of September. Locality: Central. Apply to Box 171, THE CHINA PRESS.
18837 A.2.

WANTED to rent for 6 months or longer detached residence of 5-6 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, all convenience, garage desirable. Willing to purchase furniture from former tenant. Apply to Box 147, THE CHINA PRESS.
18801 J.31.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10

SITUATIONS WANTED

WIDOWED LADY badly off seeks employment. Willing to work in any capacity. Well recommended. Apply to Box 180, THE CHINA PRESS.
18861 J. 31.

SITUATION wanted by Japanese boy (age 18) as office boy. Wages no object. Apply to Box 178, THE CHINA PRESS.
18855 A. 2.

HONEST young man (ally) age 26, desires position in any prosperous firm as Manager of Telegram Department or as Sales-Manager. Had eight year's experience in General Office routine, especially in Code Work, Correspondence, Salesmanship, Typewriting, etc. Speaks fluently the Chinese language (Shanghai dialect), at present employed at a large British concern and will be free on 1st September. Outports no objection. Please apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.
18812 A.1.

SITUATION VACANT

GOVERNESS: An American family with two children in South China desire a qualified Governess as a companion and teacher to the children whose ages are 7 and 5. Must be qualified to instruct in music, dancing, drawing and elementary subjects. Social opportunities excellent. Reply care of THE CHINA PRESS Box 159, with references stating qualifications, age and salary expected.
18819 A.3.

COMPRADORE WANTED: By an American Importing and Exporting firm. Must be well recommended and have Tls. 4,000 cash and guarantee. Splendid opportunity for good man. When replying please give experience, age, where born, where last employed and present address. Correspondence confidential. Reply to Box 163, THE CHINA PRESS.
18832 A.3.

WANTED: From August 1st for local hotel, experienced bookkeeper, unmarried. Board and lodging free. Reply stating age, qualifications, references, etc., to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.
18803 J.31.

Exchange and Mart

NOTICE: Ladies dressmaking and millinery store, in good locality for sale as a going concern. Apply to Box 179, THE CHINA PRESS.
18858 A. 3.

FOR SALE: Complete furniture and fittings, glass and silver-ware bedding and cooking utensils, for drawing room library, dining room, halls and three bedrooms, practically new, first class and elegant. Cost $3,500.00. Will sell for $2,500.00 on easy monthly instalment. Apply to Box No. 176, THE CHINA PRESS.
18852 A. 1.

FOR SALE: Wolframite ore. Good quality sufficient supply. Apply to Box 146, THE CHINA PRESS.
18800 J.31.

WANTED to purchase: Stamps of the China Local Post Office at ports during 1895-7 such as Amoy, Foochow, Ichang, Kiukiang, Hankow, Nanking, Chefoo, Weihaiwei, etc., used or unused. For prompt cash. Send offers and details, to Box 111, THE CHINA PRESS.
739

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13